

PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Randolph Correctional Center

Facility Type: Prison / Jail

Date Interim Report Submitted: NA

Date Final Report Submitted: 02/02/2020

Auditor Certification	
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Dorothy Xanos	Date of Signature: 02/02/2020

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name:	Xanos, Dorothy
Address:	
Email:	dxconsultants@gmail.com
Telephone number:	
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	10/31/2019
End Date of On-Site Audit:	11/01/2019

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Facility name:	Randolph Correctional Center
Facility physical address:	2760 US HWY 220 BUS SOUTH, ASHEBORO NC, , North Carolina - 27205
Facility Phone	
Facility mailing address:	

Primary Contact	
Name:	Dennis Mecum
Email Address:	dennis.mecum@ncdps.gov
Telephone Number:	3366252578 EXT 226

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director	
Name:	Dennis Mecum
Email Address:	dennis.mecum@ncdps.gov
Telephone Number:	336-625-2578 EXT 226

Facility PREA Compliance Manager	
Name:	Steven Niday
Email Address:	steven.niday@ncdps.gov
Telephone Number:	

Facility Characteristics	
Designed facility capacity:	226
Current population of facility:	219
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	219
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	
Age range of population:	18 and over
Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:	Min. Custody/ levels MN-1-MN-3
Does the facility hold youthful inmates?	No
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:	72
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	144

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	North Carolina Department of Public Safety
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	
Physical Address:	512 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, North Carolina - 27604
Mailing Address:	
Telephone number:	919-733-2126

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	
Email Address:	
Telephone Number:	

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Charlotte Williams	Email Address:	charlotte.williams@ncdps.gov

AUDIT FINDINGS

Narrative:

The auditor's description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor's process for the site review.

The PREA audit of the Randolph Correctional Center was conducted on October 31, 2019 – November 1, 2019 by Dorothy Xanos, US DOJ Dual Certified PREA Auditor. The audit begins with the notification of the on-site audit was posted by September 25, 2019, six weeks prior to the date of the on-site audit. The facility's last PREA audit was on September 26-27, 2016. The posting of the audit notices both English and Spanish versions was verified during the tour and verified by photographs received in an email from the Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager (PCM). The audit notices explained correspondence would be treated as legal mail to ensure confidentiality and privacy. The photographs indicated notices in both English and Spanish versions were posted in various locations throughout the facility including the clothes house, GED classroom, library, kitchen/dining area, program area, recreation building, rehabilitation area and all six (6) dormitories. Throughout all the audit phases, the auditor did not receive any communication from the staff or from inmates as a result of the posted notices.

The auditor completed a documentation review using the Pre-Audit Questionnaire, policies, procedures, internet research, and supporting documentation for all forty-one (41) standards. The information necessary for the audit was provided on the PREA Online Audit System (OAS) received by October 22, 2019. The documentation uploaded to the OAS for each standard contained the supporting documentation in-regards to the Pre-Audit Questionnaire, however the information did not sufficiently address sixteen (16) standards. Additional information reviewed included the agency's and facility's mission statements, daily population reports for the past twelve (12) months, and the facility's schematic. The supporting documentation for the sixteen (16) standards was provided to the auditor during the on-site and after the facility's on-site visit. The supporting documentation was uploaded to the OAS under the supplemental files.

A conference call was conducted on October 16, 2019 with the Warden and Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager (PCM) to review the schedule for the on-site visit, discuss the auditor's results of the Pre-Audit Questionnaire and supporting documentation provided on the OAS and review information to be sent to the auditor prior to the on-site visit to the facility. The Associate Warden/ PCM sent the documentation (staff roster, staff schedule for random and specialized staff) to the auditor prior to arrival to the facility. Also, supporting documents were provided during the on-site visit to address the deficiencies and are summarized in the report under the related standards.

The on-site audit was conducted on October 31, 2019 – November 1, 2019. An entrance briefing was conducted with the Warden and Associate Warden/PREA. During the entrance briefing, the audit process was explained and a tentative schedule for two (2) days to include facility tour, conducting interviews with the staff and inmates and reviewing the documentation. A complete guided tour of the entire facility was conducted including administration building with offices, Sergeant's office/central control area, JC building, library, recreation building with chapel offices, dental clinic, medical area, pharmacy storage area, canteen, barber shop, program building with classroom and offices, rehabilitation building with

classrooms, physical therapy and offices, kitchen/dining building, clothes house and two (2) housing units with six (6) dormitories. During the tour, there were eleven (11) blind spots identified in all the dormitories, recreation building (storage), dental area, medical area, pharmacy storage area, canteen building, program building (office & behind the building), rehabilitation building (offices & medical records), clothes house, and kitchen area. This was corrected after the on-site visit, and the auditor was provided with the documentation (pictures & work orders) confirming the correction had been completed prior to the submission of the report by the Associate Warden/PCM.

Also, during the tour, inmates were observed to be under constant supervision of the staff while involved in various activities. Notification of the PREA audit was posted in all locations throughout the facility as well as postings informing inmates of the telephone numbers to call and report sexual abuse and sexual harassment and to call the victim advocate for emotional support services. The auditor reviewed the post narratives containing PREA related documentation (unannounced rounds). Also, during the tour, it was observed the bathroom/shower areas in both housing units did allow for privacy.

During the two (2) day on-site visit, there were a total of two hundred and nineteen (219) male inmates in the facility. Twenty-four (24) male inmates were randomly selected from all six (6) dormitories with an inmate list provided by the Associate Warden/PCM for the interview process. However, twenty-one (21) inmates were formally interviewed and the other three (3) inmates refused to meet with the auditor. There were three (3) inmates who met three (3) of the identified categories from the required list of targeted inmate interviews. The required categories are an inmate who is Limited English Proficient (LEP); Transgender or Intersex and physical disability (Blind, Deaf or Hard of Hearing). The facility did not have any other inmates identified in the other required categories i.e. Lesbian, Gay or Bi-sexual; youthful inmate; inmate in restricted housing for high risk of sexual victimization; cognitive disability; who reported sexual abuse and who reported sexual victimization during risk screening. All inmate interviews indicated they were well informed of their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment using several ways of communication such as trusted staff, administrative staff, the hot line and the grievance process. Also, random file reviews of medical and inmate records and additional documentation were completed as well.

The community victims' advocacy services address and telephone number are available to the inmates located throughout the facility. There is evidence of Randolph CC's Warden obtaining a Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center on 10/22/19 to provide free confidential crisis intervention and emotional support services related to sexual abuse inmates. Any inmate seeking services can call the telephone number at no additional cost to the inmate. The auditor interviewed via telephone a representative from Randolph County Family Crisis Center during the on-site visit. She indicated there had been no calls from inmates in the past twelve (12) months requesting emotional support services related to a fear of sexual abuse that may occur at the facility. Randolph Hospital provides the emergency services and forensic medical examinations at no financial cost to the victim.

Nineteen (19) staff were formally interviewed including (8) staff from both shifts (supervisory and floor staff); Warden/review team; Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager/retaliation; (1) upper level management/non-medical/cross gender strip; (1) investigation; (1) medical staff; (1) mental health staff; (1) human resources; (1) first responder; (1) risk screening staff/intake; (1) contractor (instructor) and (1) religious volunteer were interviewed during the two (2) days of the on-site visit. Additionally, interviews were conducted via telephone with the NCDPS Secretary's representative (PREA Coordinator) and one (1) of the NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator prior to the on-site visit. Overall, the interviews revealed the staff is knowledgeable of the PREA standards and were able to articulate their responsibilities and

duty to report.

At the end of the second day, an exit briefing with a summary of the findings was conducted with the Warden, Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager and via telephone the NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator. At the exit debriefing, the auditor gave an overview of the audit and commented on the on-site observations, interviews, and summarized the strengths and weaknesses after completing the Pre-Audit and On-Site Audit phases. Based on the findings during the Pre-Audit and On-Site Audit phases, the auditor needed to complete the full evaluation during the evidence review phase of the PREA audit by reviewing all evidence collected, including policies and procedures, observations of routine practices in the facility, what the auditor learned in the course of interviewing staff and inmates, and documentation obtained while on-site in order to make a compliance determination for each standard resulting in a final report.

After further review, it was discussed additional documentation was required for seven (7) standards and it was determined this information would be sent to the auditor within the next two (2) weeks for compliance with all the PREA standards. The requested information was sent to the auditor by the NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator prior to the submission of this report. The auditor reviewed all requested information and the facility is in full compliance with the PREA Standards.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Facility Characteristics:

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate or resident population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

Randolph Correction Center (Randolph CC) is a minimum custody facility located in Asheboro, North Carolina governed by the North Carolina Department of Safety (NCDPS). The facility was built during the late 1930's to house inmates who worked on building roads. The facility has a designed capacity of 236 inmates. Randolph CC has a large health services program which houses a 100-bed long term care medical unit that provides for inmates who are not ready to be housed in the general population due to medical problems. Inmate orderly assistance is used to assist inmates in this unit.

Randolph CC is comprised of thirteen (13) buildings surrounded by a perimeter security fence except for the administration building, administration building with offices, Sergeant's office/central control area, JC building, library, recreation building with chapel offices, dental clinic, medical area, pharmacy storage area, canteen, barber shop, program building with classroom and offices, rehabilitation building with classrooms, physical therapy and offices, kitchen/dining building, clothes house and two (2) housing units with six (6) dormitories. Also, there are five (5) restrictive cells with only two active cells and the other three cells are used as storage. Each open bay dormitory contained bunk beds, dayrooms, telephones, table and chairs and shower/bathroom areas. The mailboxes and grievance/visitation/telephone boxes are in every dormitory. The PREA information was posted in all the dormitories and throughout the other buildings. There is an outdoor recreation area which includes basketball, weight area, shuffleboard, horseshoes and visitation.

Randolph Correctional Center (Randolph CC) staffed with eighty-eight (88) full-time and part-time employees including medical and various groups of volunteers providing religious services to inmates. The staff consisted of: Warden; Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager (PCM); Correctional Programs Supervisor; (5) Correctional Sergeant I; (1) Lead Correctional Officer I; (36) Correctional Officer I; (2) Correctional Officer I CFTO; (1) Correctional Case Manager; (1) Social Worker II; (14) Medical Staff; (7) other staff (accounting, administrative and food service) and eighteen (18) vacancies.

The medical staff consisted of a Physician, Nurse Supervisor, (3) Charge Nurses, (3) Registered Nurses, (2) Licensed Practical Nurses, (3) Health Care Technician II and Correctional Health Assistant. The medical staff provides services on-site seven (7) days a week 24/7. A physician is at the facility three days a week to provide medical services for the inmates. The medical clinic has a physical therapist two (2) days a week. All inmates are seen by a physician upon arrival to the facility. The Nurse Supervisor is responsible for coordination of the medical services at the facility. The medical staff provides medical care to include: completing the initial intake assessment, routine and additional lab work as ordered, STD testing and treatment as indicated, updating immunization records, seasonal flu vaccinations, dietary services and referrals, administration of medications/treatments as prescribed, assessments of inmate injuries and treatment as required, medical assessments and monitoring with any restraint or segregation, assessments of somatic health complaints with treatment as indicated, develop treatment plans and provide medical discharge plans.

Dental services are provided one day a week consisting of dental care, cleaning, education and treatment fillings to extractions. All inmates are seen by the dental staff at least annually for a wellness check. Emergency services and forensic examinations are conducted at Randolph Hospital. The medical staff utilizes an optometrist who provides routine eye exams and a NCDPS Regional Staff Psychologist. Psychological assessment and treatment services are provided but more complex mental health needs are referred to outside sources. Also, the medical clinic provides inmates with a psychiatrist using Telepsych on an as needed basis. The facility has a rehabilitation activity therapy program designed to provide a series of activity therapy for physically ill inmates who are classified as chronic, long term care, geriatric and/or who have a physical disability. The activities provide for wellness management and rehabilitation and address specific challenges that will prepare an inmate for transition planning prior to release.

Randolph Community College works with the facility to provide academic classes. There are two (2) educational instructors providing inmates who do not have a high school diploma or a GED with an opportunity to gain skills that will benefit them upon their return to their community. Adult Basic Education/General Equivalence Diploma (ABE/GED): These classes provide instruction at all levels; from those learning to read, to inmates who are preparing to study for a GED certificate. The focus areas are reading, math, written and oral communications, social studies, and science. One (1) of the educational instructors conducts the Human Resource Development (HRD) class consists of office practice class, basic typing, Microsoft Windows, Excel, PowerPoint, employability skills class and interview skills.

New Lease on Life is a program that allows inmates to partner with local animal shelters, animal welfare agencies and or private nonprofit agencies to train dogs in preparation for their adoption. Inmates are given an opportunity to serve the community by training dogs to be well behaved pets. Once an inmate has completed the appropriate training he is provided a dog for the next 8 to 12 weeks. Inmates teach basic obedience, house training and socialization through product positive reinforcement and repetition. Dogs are taught to walk on and off the leash and to respond to basic commands. Inmates are given an opportunity to work in maintenance, librarian, recreation clerk, barber, canteen operator, close house/laundry, food preparation and serving.

Randolph CC's program staff promotes inmate behavior change through evidence-based practice in the provision of case management and re-entry services. These programs consist of: Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous held weekly at the facility, Thinking for a Change, Character Education, Father Accountability, Getting It Right interactive journaling and several faith based transition classes. Also, self-help classes have been provided to assist inmates in acclimating back into society prior to their release into the community. Religious programming is held at the facility which includes the utilization of community churches and allows for various guest speakers to provide their messages to the inmates.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Summary of Audit Findings:
 The summary should include the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and number of standards not met, along with a list of each of the standards in each category. If relevant, provide a summarized description of the corrective action plan, including deficiencies observed, recommendations made, actions taken by the agency, relevant timelines, and methods used by the auditor to reassess compliance. Auditor Note: No standard should be found to be “Not Applicable” or “NA”. A compliance determination must be made for each standard.

Number of standards exceeded:	2
Number of standards met:	39
Number of standards not met:	0
Not audited at the facility level: Audited at the agency-level, and not relevant to the facility-level audit because the facility has no independent responsibility for the operation of these standards.	4

Standards Exceeded

Number of Standards Exceeded: 2

List of Standards Exceeded: 115.11 & 115.31

Standards Met

Number of Standards Met: 41

Standards Not Met

Number of Standards Not Met: 0

List of Standards Not Met: 0

Standards

Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard
(Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard
(substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard
(requires corrective actions)

Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.11	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The mission of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) is to safeguard and preserve the lives and property of the people of North Carolina through prevention, protection and preparation with integrity and honor. Their goals: Prevent: NCDPS is the model for preventing and reducing crime. Protect: North Carolina is safe for living, working and visiting. Prepare: NCDPS is a leader in public safety readiness, communication and coordination. Perform: NCDPS excels in every facet of their work – Law Enforcement, Emergency Management, National Guard, Adult Correction, Juvenile Justice and Quality of Administrative Services. People: NCDPS values each other like family. NCDPS's vision is to provide the finest safety and security services for all North Carolina. NCDPS's PREA Office has required each facility administrator state-wide to designate a primary and an alternate PREA Compliance Manager at their facility. A review of the department's organizational chart contained the designation of the PREA Director (PREA Coordinator) position.</p> <p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and approved by the Director of Prisons; Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts) and the NC General Statute 14.27.31 (Sexual Activity by a Substitute Parent or Custodian) outlines how each facility implements its approach to prevention, detection and responding to all approaches of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and will not tolerate any fraternization or sexual misconduct including the definitions of prohibited behavior as well as sanctions for staff, contractors, volunteers and inmates who had violated these prohibitions. Additionally, the policy provided comprehensive guidelines and a training foundation for implementing each facilities approach to include the zero tolerance towards reducing and preventing sexual abuse sexual harassment of inmates. NCDPS's PREA Office has also required each facility administrator to designate at their facility a primary and a secondary PREA Compliance Manager (PCM). Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 reflects the facility specification of how they will respond to sexual allegations and the notification procedures followed by reports of sexual allegations.</p> <p>NC Department of Public Safety has a designated PREA Coordinator, her official title is PREA Director and she reports directly to the Chief Deputy Secretary for the Division of Professional Standards Policy & Planning. An interview with one of the PREA Program Coordinators confirmed the PREA Director/PREA Coordinator works statewide to implement the PREA Standards and has sufficient time and authority to develop, implement and oversee the agency's efforts toward PREA compliance of over sixty-nine (69) facilities with the support of the Department. The PREA Director/PREA Coordinator is responsible for coordinating comprehensive PREA responses including technical and administrative guidance, creation of supporting policies and practices, interpretation relative to PREA implementation, design and modification of training, programming, investigation and analysis, ensuring proper reporting, trend evaluation and provision of recommendations for improvement and compliance. The PREA Director has three (3) PREA Program Coordinators who report to her and are responsible for providing assistance to their assigned facility's PREA Compliance Managers. The PREA Director/PREA Coordinator meets with her entire team monthly to discuss issues</p>

and she maintains contact with the PREA Program Coordinators and all PREA Compliance Managers through telephone, email or Webex throughout the year.

The three (3) PREA Program Coordinators are responsible for coordinating their facility's comprehensive PREA response including technical and administrative guidance, creation of supporting policies and practices, interpretation relative to PREA implementation, design and modification of training, programming, investigation and analysis, ensuring proper reporting, trend evaluation and provision of recommendations for improvement and compliance.

Randolph CC's Warden completed a memorandum on October 7, 2019 to the NCDPS PREA Office, his designation of Correctional Programs Supervisor and Associate Warden as his primary and secondary PREA Compliance Managers. Randolph CC's PREA Compliance Manager during his interview indicated he had sufficient time and authority to develop, implement and oversee the facility's PREA compliance efforts to comply with the PREA standards.

Based on the randomly selected and specialized staff and inmates interviews, the extensive staff training, the resources available to the facilities, it is evident, the executive administration has taken the PREA Standards to another level and it is reflected in their commitment to protecting the inmates in their care throughout the State of North Carolina. Also, during the tour of the facility, the observation of bulletin boards, posters, reviews of staff and inmate handbooks, training curriculums confirmed the facility's commitment and dedication to create a PREA compliant culture. The facility has a PREA reference binder located in the Sergeant's office/central control area of the facility that contains the reporting process and forms for the facility staff in the event of an incident.

Overall, this auditor has determined the agency and the facility have substantially exceeded the requirements of the standard based on the above information.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observations:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts)
- NC General Statute 14.27.31 (Sexual Activity by a Substitute Parent or Custodian)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- PREA Coordinator (PREA Director) Description and Qualifications
- PREA Program Coordinator Description and Qualifications
- Facility PREA Compliance Manager Designation and Qualifications
- Agency/Department Organization Chart
- Facility Organization Chart
- NCDPS website
- Randolph CC Warden memorandum
- PREA Program Coordinator interview
- PREA Compliance Manager Interview

115.12	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the documentation and Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) confirmed North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) entered into/renewed one (1) agreement with the Center for Community Transitions (CFCT) to provide female inmates in need of treatment for access to substance abuse programs within the facility since July 1, 2017. A review of the agreement contained the contractor’s obligations to adopt and comply with the DOJ PREA Standards. Also, the agreement contained the information the Center for Community Transitions (CFCT) will ensure a PREA Audit is conducted by a certified DOJ PREA auditor and a copy of the report will be provided to NCDPS. An interview with the PREA Director/PREA Coordinator and a review of the Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) confirmed the North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) has entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the Center for Community Transitions (CFCT) confirming the contractor is monitored by NCDPS to ensure compliance with the PREA standards.</p> <p>Interview and Supporting Documents Reviewed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • NCDPS’s PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Center for Community Transitions (CFCT) Memorandum of Agreement • PREA Director/PREA Coordinator Interview

115.13 Supervision and monitoring

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts); NC General Statute 143B -709 (Security Staffing) effective 10/26/18 and Randolph CC’s Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 contained the required information identifying requirements for the facility to develop a staffing plan to provide for departmental adequate staffing levels to ensure the safety and custody of inmates against sexual abuse or sexual harassment, physical plant, video monitoring, and addressed all eleven (11) categories as identified per the standard. Additionally, the policies contained information identifying the facility shall comply with staffing requirements including exigent circumstances and supervisory staff conducting unannounced rounds on a daily basis during all shifts documenting the information in post narrative and dorm narrative logbook that contains observations of all areas of the facility. The facility must document and justify all deviations from the staffing plan. The NCDPS’s PREA Office staff complete a yearly staffing analysis/plan for all facilities statewide.

This review shall assess, determine, and document whether adjustments are needed to the facility’s established plan, the facility’s deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies and the resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing analysis/plan. Identified the requirement of unannounced rounds to be conducted by intermediate-level and higher-level supervisors and conduct the unannounced rounds on a daily basis. The unannounced rounds must be conducted during all shifts. Supervisors are prohibited from notifying staff of unannounced rounds. Staff assigned to any post is prohibited from alerting other employees that a Supervisor is conducting rounds to identify and deter sexual abuse and sexual harassment.

Documentation indicated the staffing analysis/plan is reviewed on an annual basis and the facility does not have any deviations from the analysis/plan during the past twelve (12) months, their critical positions are always filled, it is a mandate. Randolph CC Warden’s interview and documentation confirmed he is responsible to conduct an annual analysis of the staffing plan to ensure all areas were addressed including components such as the facility’s physical plant, composition of the inmate population, number and placement of supervisory staff, programming schedules, video monitoring, training, to name a few. He conducts daily reviews of the staffing rosters for deviations, as well as making regular rounds, unannounced rounds, post narrative and dorm narrative logbook reviews. The Associate Warden/PCM and upper management level interviews indicated unannounced rounds are conducted daily on all shifts in all areas of the facility to observe staff and inmate interactions, isolated areas, and deter staff from sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The unannounced rounds are documented in the post narratives and dorm narrative logbooks.

During the facility tour, the auditor observed and reviewed the dorm narrative logbooks, where unannounced rounds were documented including the staff identification, date and time. Also, a review of the samples provided by the facility of random dates and random housing units showed there is a minimum of one (1) unannounced round conducted weekly by upper or

middle management staff; however, the majority show unannounced rounds conducted daily. Also, during the tour, there were eleven (11) blind spots identified in all the dormitories, recreation building (storage), dental area, medical area, pharmacy storage area, canteen building, program building (office & behind the building), rehabilitation building (offices & medical records), clothes house, and kitchen area. A procedure will need to be implemented as to how these areas will be supervised or utilize some form of enhanced supervision. This was corrected after the on-site visit and the auditor was provided with the documentation (pictures & work orders) confirming the correction had been completed prior to the submission of the report by the Associate Warden/PCM.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews, review of documentation and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts)
- NC General Statute 143B -709 (Security Staffing)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- 2019 Randolph CC's Staffing Analysis/Plan
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Facility Staff Work Schedules
- Daily Population Report for the past twelve (12) months
- The facility's video monitoring, post narrative and dorm narrative logbook forms
- Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews
- Facility tour
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective action (picture & work orders)

115.14	Youthful inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 identified the requirement a youthful inmate shall not be placed in a housing unit in which the youthful inmate will have sight, sound, or physical contact with any adult inmate through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters. Direct supervision by facility staff is required at all times when a youthful inmate and an adult inmate have sight, sound, or physical contact with one another. NCDPS provides specialized housing arrangements for youthful inmates to meet the requirements of this standard. Exigent circumstances may require removal to a special housing unit or restrictive housing unit at those institutions operating under the restrictive housing program. Randolph CC's Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews and documentation confirmed the facility does not house youthful inmates under the age of eighteen.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Interview and Supporting Documents Reviewed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prison and Jails) • Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews

115.15	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.0100 (Operational Searches) effective 7/10/13; Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts) effective 10/26/18 and Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders) effective 8/2018 requires inmates shall be permitted to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incident to routine dormitory checks. Requires cross gender frisk searches of transgender and intersex inmates will be conducted in a professional and respectful manner and in the least intrusive manner consistent with security needs. Requires that the opposite gender staff shall announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit. Also, the policy indicated any cross-gender searches are required to be documented. Also, Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 reflects at the facility level the specifications to the department's policy and procedure on cross-gender viewing and searches.</p> <p>The NCDPS PREA Office in its "Campaign of Awareness" sent a memorandum dated April 22, 2013 to all Directors and Managers on the development of a Cross Gender bulletin board document and announcement to be displayed and shared to all staff. There is a requirement for all staff to sign and date the "Cross Gender Announcement and Acknowledgment" form acknowledging their completion of the orientation and limitations to cross gender viewing and searches. NCDPS has extensive staff training, a review of the training documentation including a "Safe Search Practices" power point and staff interviews confirmed training on pat down searches, cross-gender pat searches and searches of transgender and intersex inmates are conducted in a respectful, professional manner and prohibiting cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates. A transgender or intersex inmate shall not be searched or physically examined for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status. If genital status is unknown, it allows for determination through inmate conversations, review of medical records, or if necessary, by learning that information as a part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner.</p> <p>Random staff interviews confirmed the staff of the opposite gender entering the dormitories consistently announces themselves, however the inmate interviews indicated the female staff do not consistently announce their presence when entering the dormitories. During the tour, it was observed staff document in the dorm narrative logbook when female staff enters the dormitories. A review of the training documentation (curriculum and staff rosters) and staff interviews confirmed the annual training on pat down searches, cross-gender pat searches and searches of transgender and intersex inmates are conducted in a respectful and professional manner and prohibiting cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates. All staff interviews were able to describe what an exigent circumstance would be and were knowledgeable of the procedures for securing authorization to conduct such a search as well as the requirements for justifying and documenting those searches.</p>

Random staff and inmate interviews confirmed inmates are able to shower, perform bodily functions and change clothing without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing them. Staff interviews could identify the NCDPS policy on prohibiting staff from searching or physically examining a transgender or intersex inmate for the purpose of determining that inmate's genital status. During the tour, it was observed the bathroom/shower areas in all dormitories did allow for privacy.

Interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM confirmed there has been five (5) cross-gender pat down searches, cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates at the facility in the past twelve (12) months. Also, there have been no exigent circumstances of cross-gender pat down, strip or visual body cavity searches conducted of inmates at the facility in the past twelve (12) months.

After the on-site visit, the NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation (training) to the auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.

Also, all staff were re-trained on NCDPS policy on when entering the dormitories, the opposite gender should always announce themselves.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews, review of documentation and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.0100 (Operational Searches)
- NCDPS Policy F.1600 (Management of Security Posts)
- NCDPS Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders)
- NCDPS PREA Office "Campaign of Awareness" memorandum
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- NCDPS New Employee Orientation
- NCDPS Trainer Power Point (LGBTI)
- NCDPS (Safe Search Practices)
- 2018-2019 Cross Gender Announcement & Acknowledgement forms
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of cross-gender strip or cross gender visual body cavity searches of inmates reported was five.
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates that did not involve exigent circumstances or were performed by non-medical staff reported was zero.
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of transgender or intersex inmates search or physically examine for the sole purposes of determining the resident's genital status was zero.
- Facility tour
- Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews

- Random staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective action (training)

115.16	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Policy E.1800 (Non English Speaking Inmate Program); Policy E.2600 (Reasonable Accommodations for Inmate with Disabilities) effective date 9/5/13 and Health Services Policy & Procedure Manual Policy # TXVII-1 (Developmental Disabilities) effective 8/2007 and Policy # TXVII-2 (Physical, Mental or Cognitive Disabilities) effective 8/2009 contained procedures to be taken to ensure inmates with disabilities or who are limited English proficient have an equal opportunity to participate in or are provided meaningful access to all aspects of the facility's efforts to prevent, protect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Efforts shall include the use of interpreters, written material, or other formats or methods that ensure effective communication with inmates disabilities, including inmates who have intellectual disabilities, limited reading skills, who are blind or have low vision, deaf, or are Limited English Proficient. Also, the policy prohibits any facility to rely on inmate interpreters, inmate readers or any kind of inmate assistants except in limited circumstances when an extended delay in obtaining interpreter's services could compromise an inmates' safety, the performance of first-responder duties or the investigation of the inmate's allegations.</p> <p>Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 reflects at the facility level the specifications to the department's policy and procedure to be taken to ensure inmates with disabilities or who are limited English proficient have an equal opportunity to participate in or are provided meaningful access to all aspects of the facility's efforts to prevent, protect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <p>NCDPS has established a contract with Linguistica International, Inc. for statewide services to provide inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient with various interpreter services on an as needed basis. There are postings throughout the facility in English and Spanish. Also, the program staff have access to interpreter services. Staff training documentation, brochure, and inmate PREA orientation packet contained information on providing appropriate explanations regarding PREA to inmates based upon their individual needs. The facility's intake staff provides the PREA education at intake and during orientation. Random staff interviews indicated the PREA education is provided in a manner to ensure the inmate comprehends the material and it is read during the intake process. NCDPS created a PREA brochure for the purposes of educating inmates which includes information on suspicious behavior, reporting, prevention strategies, making false claims, sexual misconduct definitions, and retaliation. This brochure is available in English and Spanish.</p> <p>Random staff interviews indicated limited knowledge of the outside agencies providing services to the facility but indicated they would not rely on the use of inmate assistants in relation to reporting allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment except in limited circumstances when an extended delay in obtaining interpreter's services could compromise an inmates' safety, the performance of first-responder duties or the investigation of the inmate's allegations.</p>

During the on-site visit, there were (2) inmates who were identified with limited English proficient and as disabled (ADA) but no inmate identified as having a cognitive disability. An interview with the Associate Warden/PCM indicated if an inmate exhibits such a disability, arrangements will be made to provide the necessary and required assistance. Also, the Staff Psychologist indicated if services are required the staff would make the necessary beginning at the intake and orientation and throughout the inmate's length of stay. An interview with the Associate Warden/PCM confirmed in the past twelve (12) months, the facility did not have any instances of inmate interpreters, assistance or readers being used for reporting allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

After the on-site visit, all staff were re-trained on interpreter services provided at the facility and the process on how to obtain these services. Also, the facility's orientation packet and the postings were updated to reflect the information in Spanish on how to obtain emotional support services and any other general facility information. The NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation to this auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews, review of documentation, and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Policy E.1800 (Non English Speaking Inmate Program);
- NCDPS Policy E.2600 (Reasonable Accommodations for Inmate with Disabilities)
- Health Services Policy & Procedure Manual Policy # TXVII-1 (Developmental Disabilities) and Policy # TXVII-2 (Physical, Mental or Cognitive Disabilities)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prison and Jails)
- Linguistica International, Inc.
- 2018-2019 Training Attendance
- NCDPS PREA Training 101 & 201 – power point
- NCDPS Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Offender brochure (English and Spanish)
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Staff Psychologist interview
- Random staff interviews
- Facility tour
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective actions (training and sign-in sheet)

115.17	Hiring and promotion decisions
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019, Administrative Memorandum from NCDPS HR Director and the Administrative Memorandum Addendum 10-2013 from the PREA Office prohibits NCDPS staff to hire or promote anyone for a position that may have inmate contact who has been engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution; convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse; or civilly or administratively adjudicates to have engaged in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse. NCDPS shall consider any incidents of sexual abuse in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with incarcerated inmates. All background checks are conducted initially on new employees, current and promotion decisions of employees and contractors. Material omission by an employee is subject to termination.</p> <p>NCDPS must ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct noted above in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions. Requires the information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee shall be furnished to any institutional employer in which the employee has applied to work provided the request in writing. Requires a criminal background records check shall be conducted before hiring new employees who may have contact with residents and will make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse. Requires a continuing affirmative duty for employees to disclose any such conduct. Requires a criminal background records check is completed prior to enlisting services of any contractor who may have contact with residents and a criminal background records check is completed at least every five (5) years for current employees and contractors.</p> <p>NCDPS has an extensive initial background screening requirements that include the screening for criminal record checks (AOC, DCI & NCDL), possible checks on criminal convictions and pending criminal charges, access to local, state and federal criminal databases to conduct background checks, driving records check and best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse and any resignation during a pending investigation or an allegation of sexual abuse. The agency conducts 5-year background checks for all employees and contractors. There is an affirmative duty to disclose any arrests or previous misconduct within 24 hours.</p> <p>An interview with the facility's Administrative Specialist II confirmed the process on the facility performing the criminal background checks, considering the pertinent civil or administrative adjudications for all newly hired employees who may have contact with inmates, all employees who are considered for promotion and every five (5) years. Additionally, volunteer and</p>

contractors who have contact with residents have documented criminal background checks. She advised personnel staff have a tracking system to ensure the five (5) year background screening is conducted of all facility employees. A review of the DPS Employee Statements form (HR 013) and the Applicant Verification form (HR 005) contain the three (3) questions regarding sexual abuse or sexual activity in an institutional setting, community, or if the staff has been civilly or administratively adjudicated for the same, as well as a 24 hour requirement to disclose and at their annual performance evaluation. There is an affirmative duty to disclose any arrests or previous misconduct by all employees at hire and anytime there is a law enforcement contact within 24 hours. Once an individual is approved for hire, the new employee begins the LMS training and orientation process and is provided with a NCDPS New Employment Orientation Handbook.

A sampled review of staff's, volunteer's and contractor's HR files confirmed the process for the facility performing criminal background checks to consider the pertinent civil or administrative adjudications for all newly hired employees who may have contact with inmates, all employees who are considered for promotion and every five (5) years. HR files are required to contain documentation on staff completing varied forms containing the questions regarding past misconduct (Applicant Verification form, Professional Reference Check, and DPS Employment Statements) are completed during the hiring process. The HR staff sends the criminal background information to their Central Office and receives an email on whether an individual is approved or disqualified. Also, the auditor reviewed the NCDPS external website for employment and the new employment orientation manual dated 1/2019 available to staff and potential applicants. A review of the HR files confirmed background checks had been conducted within the past five (5) years on all employees.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- Administrative Memorandum Addendum 10-2013
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Applicant Verification form
- Professional Reference Check form
- DPS Employment Statements form
- NCDPS New Employee Orientation Manual
- NCDPS website
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of persons hired who may have contact with inmates who have had criminal background checks: twenty
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract that might have contact with inmates: zero
- Administrative Specialist II interview

115.18	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires all designing or acquiring new facilities and in planning substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities to consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the facility's ability to protect inmates from harm, including sexual abuse. Requires any installing or updating of video monitoring systems, electronic surveillance systems, or other monitoring technology to be considered how such changes may enhance the facility's ability to protect inmates from harm, including sexual abuse.</p> <p>An interview with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM's memorandum dated 11/14/19 indicated there have been no major modifications to the facility or upgrades to the video monitoring system or additional cameras in the past twelve (12) months. During the tour, the video surveillance system was observed at the Associate Warden's desktop. This will enhance their capabilities to assist in monitoring blind spots and the review of incidents. Additionally, this enables the staff to monitor inmates more efficiently throughout the physical plant of the facility. The administrative staff is continually evaluating the electronic surveillance system and video monitoring.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the interview and documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Surveillance System Schematic and Diagrams • Warden interview • Associate Warden/PCM's memorandum • Facility tour

115.21	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; NC General Statute 143B-1200 (Assistance Program for Victims of Rape and Sexual Offenses) and Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy # CP-18 Chapter (Clinical Practice Guidelines) effective 2/2014 requires, when requested by the victim, a victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member to accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews and shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information and referrals. A qualified mental health/counseling staff member or qualified community-based staff member includes an individual who has been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and has received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general. Requires a history be taken by a health care professional who will conduct a forensic medical examination to document the extent of physical injury. Such examinations shall be performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible. There will be no financial cost to the inmate for this examination. Requires an administrative or criminal investigation conducted in accordance with PREA standards shall be completed for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. All staff is required to report all allegations, knowledge and suspicions of sexual abuse, sexual harassment, retaliation, staff neglect and/or violations of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 reflects at the facility level the specifications to the department's policy and procedure on providing emotional support, crisis intervention, information and referrals to the alleged victim.</p> <p>There is evidence of Randolph CC's Warden obtaining a Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center on 10/22/19 to provide free confidential crisis intervention and emotional support services related to sexual abuse inmates. Any inmate seeking services can call the telephone number at no additional cost to the inmate. The auditor interviewed via telephone a representative from Randolph County Family Crisis Center during the on-site visit. She indicated there had been no calls from inmates in the past twelve (12) months requesting emotional support services related to a fear of sexual abuse that may occur at the facility. Randolph Hospital (SANE) provides the emergency services and forensic medical examinations at no financial cost to the victim. In the past twelve (12) months, there has been no allegation where a victim required a forensic medical examination.</p> <p>NCDPS PREA Office sent a directive to all facilities to establish a standardized role of the PREA Support Person (PSP) that will serve as an advocate to link services (community based advocates or mental health professionals) and support to inmates who report sexual abuse and sexual harassment by another inmate, staff member, contractor or volunteer. The Randolph CC's Warden has designated two (2) staff for this role and completed the required form (OPA-A18) on September 9, 2019. These individuals are screened for appropriateness to serve as a victim advocate and receive specialized training (PREA Support Person Training). Interviews with the correctional and medical staff were knowledgeable of the</p>

procedures to secure and obtain usable physical evidence when sexual abuse is alleged. Also, staff interviews and training documentation confirmed the role of the PSP individual in the facility.

The facility has available the NCDPS PREA pamphlet "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate" and identifies for the inmates to call or write. Documentation and interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM confirmed Asheboro County Sheriff's Department conducts the criminal investigations of allegations of sexual abuse. Also, there is a Support Agency Agreement signed by a representative from the Asheboro County Sheriff's Department dated 3/20/19 to provide assistance and support at the facility.

Medical and mental health staff interviews indicated the facility will offer all victims access to forensic medical examinations without financial cost and the procedures to secure and obtain usable physical evidence when sexual abuse is alleged and confirmed in the event of an alleged sexual abuse occurrence. Also, the medical and mental health staff interviews confirmed inmates would be transported Randolph Hospital (SANE) for emergency and forensic medical examinations. During the on-site visit, the auditor tested one of the telephones. Random staff interviews confirmed their knowledge on evidence protocol and their role as first responders and how to preserve evidence until local law enforcement officers arrived at the facility.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NC General Statute 143B-1200 (Assistance Program for Victims of Rape and Sexual Offenses)
- Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy # CP-18 Chapter (Clinical Practice Guidelines)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of forensic medical exams conducted during the past 12 months reported was zero.
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of exams performed by SANE/SAFE during the past 12 months reported was zero.
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of exams performed by a qualified medical practitioner during the past 12 months reported was zero.
- Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center
- PREA brochure "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate"
- Randolph County Family Crisis Center representative interview
- Support Agency Agreement Asheboro County Sheriff's Department
- Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews

- Random staff interviews
- Medical and mental health staff interviews

115.22	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and NC General Statute 14-12 (Bureau of Investigation created; powers and duties) requires that all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior, and to document all such referrals. Requires notification to local law enforcement of all verified incident of sexual abuse of an inmate by a staff member, contractor, or volunteer and sexual abuse between inmates shall be referred to the local law enforcement agency of jurisdiction for investigation and consideration of criminal prosecution. Requires all investigators shall receive the general PREA training provided to all employees, and specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations in confinement settings that includes techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings, and criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral. Requires an administrative and/or criminal investigation for all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>All staff is required to report all allegations, knowledge and suspicions of sexual abuse, sexual harassment, retaliation, staff neglect and/or violations of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. All staff is required to refer all alleged incidents of sexual abuse and sexual harassment for investigation to the Randolph County Sheriff's Department (RCSD) for the determination of criminal charges. RCSD provides services on a 24-hour basis that will include the responsibility of investigating allegations of sexual abuse by qualified staff who have received training concerning sexual abuse and forensic examination issues.</p> <p>Staff refers all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to their Regional Office and the NCDPS PREA Office for completion of an administrative investigation. The appropriate information will be entered into their internal OPUS system. The PREA policy can be found at the North Carolina state's website and information can be found in their PREA pamphlet (Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate) that is available in English and Spanish. There is evidence of the Commissioner of Adult Corrections and Juvenile Justice sending a Memorandum dated 3/17/16 to the NC Sheriff's Association providing information on investigations being conducted in accordance with the PREA standards. All staff interviews reflected and confirmed their knowledge on the reporting, referral process and policy's requirements but did not know the agency who conducts the administrative and criminal investigation in response to an allegation of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <p>Interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM and facility investigator confirmed the agency ensures an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Also, any internal investigation that identifies criminal activity or a staff member is involved in criminal activity would be immediately referred to the Randolph County Sheriff's Department (RCSD). The facility investigator would act in a liaison</p>

position and assist local law enforcement. The Randolph County Sheriff's Department (RCSD) investigator informs Randolph CC's Warden on the progress of a sexual abuse investigation. Also, the auditor interviewed via telephone a representative from Randolph County Sheriff's Department (RCSD) during the on-site visit. He indicated there had been no investigations in the past twelve (12) months for sexual abuse at the facility. The Associate Warden/PCM tracks all the sexual abuse and sexual harassment investigations at the facility. An interview with the Associate Warden/PCM confirmed there had been three (3) investigations in the past twelve (12) months for sexual abuse and sexual harassment at the facility.

After the on-site visit, all staff were re-trained on who conducts the administrative and criminal investigations in response to an allegation of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation to this auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews, review of documentation and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NC General Statute 14-12 (Bureau of Investigation created; powers and duties)
- Commissioner of Adult Corrections and Juvenile Justice's Memorandum
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment received during the past 12 months were three
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of allegations resulting in an administrative investigation during the past 12 months was three
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of allegations referred for criminal investigation during the past 12 months was zero
- Specialized Investigations: Sexual Abuse and Harassment power point
- NCDPS state's website
- (3) investigation reports
- Asheboro County Sheriff's Department representative interview
- Warden interview
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Facility investigator interview
- Random staff interviews
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective actions (training and sign-in sheet)

115.31	Employee training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Policy E. 2700 (Evaluation & Management Transgender Offenders) revised 8/22/2019 requires an in-depth PREA Training upon initially becoming an employee (entry level training) as well as refresher training annually. All the PREA training provided to employees statewide contains all ten (10) topics consistent with this standard’s requirements and is tailored to all facilities with the gender of their inmate populations. These topics consist of: zero-tolerance policy, how to prevent, detect, report and respond to allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, inmate’s right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, staff and inmates rights to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment incidents, dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement, common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims, how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse and how to distinguish between consensual sexual contact and sexual abuse between inmates, how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates, how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including LGBTI, and gender nonconforming inmates, and relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities. Also, the staff receives training on professional and ethical boundaries relating not only to PREA but to their role as an employee.</p> <p>All new employees receive the NCDPS Employee PREA brochure and sign the “PREA Acknowledgement Form” indicating they received the training and understand their responsibilities for all the different training modules and tested upon completion of the initial PREA training. All employees are trained as new hires regardless of their previous experience. Requires employees to complete annual in-service training on current NCDPS sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures consistent with all ten (10) topics in accordance with this standard’s requirements. Also, security staff receives training on conduct/ethics, security, safety, fire, medical, and emergency procedures and the supervision of inmates including training on the current the NCDPS sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures.</p> <p>A review of all staff and training education forms, including a power point presentation, lesson plan, and observation of the day-to-day operations as well as staff interviews confirmed staff receives PREA training during initial training and during refresher training. Also, the Associate Warden/PCM and random staff interviews confirmed their comprehension of the PREA training on how staff and inmates can privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment and their obligation in preventing, detecting and reporting any allegation of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment. At the facility, it was evident through documentation, interviews and observation of the day-to-day operations the staff is trained continually about the PREA standards during shift briefings, monthly staff meetings, and the completion of various on-line and instructor led trainings. Additionally, the agency requires all staff to complete an annual in-service PREA training. Employee training records including curriculums are maintained electronically and certain training documents (PREA Acknowledgement Form) are maintained in their personnel file. New employees are provided a “Breaking the Code of Silence” Correctional Officer’s</p>

Handbook and a "First Responder Card" identifying specific PREA information i.e. first responder protocol. The executive administration has taken the PREA Standards to another level and it is reflected in their commitment to protecting the inmates in their care throughout the State of North Carolina by providing extensive training to all employees who work at their facilities.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and the review of detailed documentation during the on-site visit and facility tour, the facility has demonstrated exceeding this standard. The agency requires all staff to receive formal PREA training annually.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Policy E. 2700 (Evaluation & Management Transgender Offenders)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- NCDPS PREA 101 power point
- NCDPS PREA 201 power point
- NCDPS Lesson Plan – Staff and Offender Relationships
- Daily Dozen
- New Employee Orientation
- Red Flag Poster
- Randolph CC's NCDPS PREA Acknowledgement forms
- Randolph CC's Training Progress Summaries and Online Training Status Report
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Random staff interviews

115.32	Volunteer and contractor training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/24/2015; Policy F.0604 (Community Volunteer Program) revised 7/01/10 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detention, and response policies and procedures. The level and type of training provided shall be based on the services they provide and the level of contact they have with inmates, but all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates shall be notified of the agency's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and be informed how to report such incidents. All volunteers, interns and contractors receive the PREA training, PREA Volunteer brochure and sign the "PREA Acknowledgement Form" upon completion of the PREA training they received.</p> <p>All volunteers and contractors receive the PREA training, PREA Volunteer brochure and sign the "PREA Acknowledgement Form" upon completion of the PREA training they received. The training consists of a power point presentation and lesson plan that includes policies, PREA definitions, reporting requirements and other required procedures. Additionally, the brochure provided to all volunteers and contractors is a guide to prevention and undue familiarity and sexual abuse with offenders/inmates. A review of randomly selected individual volunteer and contractor files contained an acknowledgement that the volunteer and/or contractor completed and understood their requirement for confidentiality and their duty to report any incidents of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment. Interviews with a chaplain and an educational instructor confirmed their knowledge of the required PREA training and NCDPS's zero tolerance of any form of sexual activity at the facility as well as their duty to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the chaplain and instructor interviews and documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Policy F.0604 (Community Volunteer Program) • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • NCDPS PREA 101 power point • NCDPS PREA 201 power point • Randolph CC's NCDPS PREA Acknowledgement forms

115.33	Inmate education
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; Diagnostic Center Procedures Manual (DCPM) Policy 201 (Orientation) issue date 3/31/10 and Policy 418 (Substance Abuse Screening) issue date 4/7/09 and Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy #TX VII-2 (Physical, Mental, or Cognitive Disabilities) effective 8/2019 requires mandatory PREA information, both orally and in writing and in a form that is understandable to the inmate, that includes information about sexual misconduct, background information on PREA, prevention/intervention/self-protection/reporting/treatment/counseling information, and confidentiality. Requires during the initial intake process, inmate education on the zero-tolerance policy and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Requires within thirty (30) days inmates shall receive information regarding their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment and to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents, and all NCDPS policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. Requires repeated education when an inmate is transferred to a different facility. Also, the facilities are required to provide the PREA information for Limited English Proficient inmates, and those with disabilities such as limited reading skills, deaf or visually impaired. Additionally, within 72 hours, the program staff provides a transfer orientation to the facility.</p> <p>The program staff provides information (NCDPS Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate brochure and handbook) to every inmate entering the facility and reviews this information one-on-one with the inmate. The information consists of facility rules, their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, how to report, their right to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment, prevention/intervention, self-protection, reporting and treatment/counseling and is available in Spanish. After the review with the inmate, he is asked to sign various forms which include: Offender PREA Education Acknowledgment Form, and Acknowledgment of Orientation, verifying receipt for all information regarding orientation to the facility.</p> <p>Interviews with the case management staff confirmed inmates receive appropriate education information regarding safety, their rights to be free from sexual abuse, sexual harassment, retaliation, reporting and the agency's response to allegations upon arrival and again within several days. Upon arrival, the inmate will process through security, intake (intake PREA education), medical, mental health, and eventually meets with case management staff to conduct the screening and assessment process. The inmates are provided with the PREA pamphlet, narrative of the information being verbally presented is on how to report allegations and how to access emotional support services.</p> <p>Documentation of inmate's signatures were reviewed and confirmed during inmate interviews. Also, a review was conducted of the inmate PREA education forms and the information was provided within the appropriate time frames as required by this standard. Some inmate interviews stated they received this information the same day they arrived at the facility and identified the receipt of the pamphlet and confirmed receiving information about the facility's rules against sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The other inmate interviews could not</p>

confirm receiving the PREA education information during their arrival to the facility. PREA postings were observed during the facility tour in the dormitories, common areas and inmates identified the postings as another source of information for them.

After the on-site visit, the staff were re-trained on how to provide the PREA education information to an inmate upon arrival to the facility which included the education on the updated forms. The NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation to the auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews, review of documentation, and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Diagnostic Center Procedures Manual (DCPM)
- NCDPS Policy 201 (Orientation) and Policy 418 (Substance Abuse Screening)
- Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy #TX VII-2 (Physical, Mental, or Cognitive Disabilities)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- NCDPS "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate" brochure (English and Spanish) and handbook
- Inmate records – Offender PREA Education Acknowledgment Form and Acknowledgment of Orientation
- Case management staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective actions (training and sign-in sheet)

115.34	Specialized training: Investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires the executive administration to ensure all investigators are properly trained in conducting investigations in confinement settings. The required training includes: Techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims; Proper use of Miranda and Garrity Warnings; Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative or prosecution referral.</p> <p>All investigators undergo an extensive training developed by the NCDPS PREA Office prior to conducting administrative investigations which includes the NCDPS PREA Specialized Investigations: Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment. The facility's PREA investigators when assigned conduct administrative investigations. There are four (4) staff at the facility who have completed the NCDPS PREA Specialized Investigations: Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment and other required investigative training. Documentation and an interview with a facility investigator confirmed completing the required specialized investigator training as well as the annual PREA education. The facility investigator indicated the specialized investigation training consisted of interviewing techniques, Miranda warnings, Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection, and the criteria and evidence to substantiate a case for administrative or prosecution referral.</p> <p>At the facility level, the assigned investigator will complete the initial inquiry into the alleged allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment, subsequently conduct an administrative investigation and when necessary refer the information to the Randolph County Sheriff's Department (RCSD) for further investigation and the determination of criminal charges.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the investigator interview and documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Specialized Investigations: Sexual Abuse and Harassment power point & lesson plan • Sexual Abuse (PREA) Investigators: Understanding Sexual Abuse power point • DAC Mock Interview • Training Course Record sign-in sheet • Facility investigator interview

115.35	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy # CP-18 Chapter (Clinical Practice Guidelines) effective 2/2014 requires PREA training and specialized training for medical and mental health staff. Also, requires that all full and part-time medical and mental health staff who work regularly in NCDPS facilities receives specialized training in: How to detect and assess for signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; How to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse; How to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and How and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <p>Documentation review and medical and mental health staff interviews confirmed they had received the basic PREA training provided to all staff and the specialized training offered by NCDPS [Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Medical and Mental Health Response (Prisons-Health Services)]. All medical and mental health staff signs the “Medical & Mental Health Care PREA Training Acknowledgement” form to acknowledge they received the training and understand their responsibilities in the event of an incident. The medical staff does not conduct forensic examinations. Interviews with two (2) medical and mental health staff confirmed their understanding of the requirement to complete the specialized training and verified completing the on-line course and participating in the annual basic PREA training for provided by the facility. Also, the medical and mental health staff interviews confirmed they had received the appropriate training in detecting/assessing for signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; preservation of physical evidence of sexual abuse; responding effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and how and to whom to report allegations or suspicious of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through medical and mental health staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • Health Services Policy & Procedures Manual Policy # CP-18 Chapter (Clinical Practice Guidelines) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC’s PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Training Course Record sign-in sheet • Medical and mental health staff interviews

115.41	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="252 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 327 1469 1088">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; Diagnostic Procedures # 305 (Psychological and Psychiatric Referral) effective date 1/01/14; Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders) effective 8/2018 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires prior to placement as part of the screening process each inmate is screened upon admission within seventy-two (72) hours of arrival with an objective screening instrument for risk of victimization, potential vulnerabilities or sexual abusiveness tendencies to act out with sexually aggressive predatory behavior. Requires all inmates to be assessed during intake screening and upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates. Requires intake screening include: mental, physical or developmental disabilities, age, physical build, prior incarcerations, criminal history (violent and non-violent), prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child, prior acts of sexual abuse, prior convictions for violent offenses, history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse, prior sexual victimization, perception of vulnerability, and if the inmate is or is perceived to be LGBTI or gender nonconforming. Prohibits discipline of the inmate for refusing to answer screening questions.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1144 1469 1648">Those inmates who score vulnerable to victim or sexually aggressive are included into their tracking system, as well as receiving further assessments, as identified. A mental health practitioner completes the OPUS Mental Health Screening Inventory and an initial Mental Health Assessment within seventy-two (72) hours of an inmate's arrival to the facility. Inmates are screened within seventy-two (72) hours upon arrival at the facility to determine placement and their special needs. This intake screening is used in combination with information about personal history, medical and mental health screenings, conversations, classification assessments as well as reviewed court records and case files. Inmates could be reassessed at a minimum of every thirty (30) days and throughout their stay at the facility upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility or receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness since the intake screening. The facility's policy limits staff access to this information on a "need to know basis".</p> <p data-bbox="252 1704 1469 2157">Random inmate interviews and a review of the documentation confirmed the risk screenings are being conducted within seventy-two (72) hours of their admission to the facility. Also, inmate interviews confirmed being asked the intake questions during the screening process. Staff interviews confirmed a screening is completed on each inmate upon admission to the program within seventy-two (72) hours. Also, during the on-site visit, the auditor while interviewing asked the program staff to explain the intake process. The case management staff reviews prior information in the pre-sentencing reports, health issues, classification assessments and past criminal behavior. Staff interviews confirmed consideration is given for the inmate's own views of their safety in placement and programming assignments. The screening that is conducted includes any disabilities, age, physical build, current and previous incarcerations, personal history, violent offenses, LGBTI status, mental illness, prior</p>

victimization and assaultive behaviors. Those inmates who score vulnerable to victim or sexually aggressive are included into their alert system, as well as receiving further assessments, as identified. Inmates reporting prior victimization, according to staff, are referred immediately for a follow-up with medical or mental health staff. These referrals to medical or mental health staff are documented. Inmates are reassessed at a minimum of thirty (30) days and throughout their stay at the facility. The facility's policies limit staff access to this information on a "need to know basis". Access to information is available only to the Warden, Associate Warden/PCM, medical staff, and mental health counselors. Although there has been one (1) transgender and no intersex inmate admitted to the facility within the past twelve (12) months, staff interviews confirmed consideration is given for the inmate's own views of their safety in placement and programming assignments.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Diagnostic Procedures # 305 (Psychological and Psychiatric Referral)
- NCDPS Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Review of OPUS screening information
- Case management and staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews

115.42	Use of screening information
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; OPUS Online and Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders) effective 8/2018 prohibits gay, bi-sexual, transgender and intersex inmates being placed in a particular housing unit, beds or other assignments based solely on their identification or status. In addition, the policy describes the screening and assessment process and how that information, along with information derived from medical and mental health screening and assessments, records reviews, database checks, conversations and observations, is used to determine an inmate's appropriate placement, housing and bed assignments, as well as work, education, and program assignments with the goal of keeping all inmates safe and free from sexual abuse. The program staff utilizes various forms and any other pertinent information during the inmate's admission process.</p> <p>Placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate shall be reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate. The mental health staff will complete a six (6) month reassessment of housing and programs for all transgender and intersex inmates and is documented in OPUS. The staff member must meet with the inmate to discuss their program and housing needs and to ensure their current assignments are still appropriate. Also, if an inmate is considered a PREA high risk for victimization, this is documented in OPUS. NCDPS prohibits the placement of LGBTI inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely basis on such identification or status.</p> <p>Randolph CC's Associate Warden/PCM and random staff interviews described how information from their risk assessment precludes gay, bi-sexual, transgender and intersex inmates being placed in a specific housing unit, beds or other assignments based solely on their identification or status. In addition, they described the screening and assessment process and how that information, along with information derived from medical and mental health screening and assessments, records reviews, database checks, conversations and observations, is used to determine an inmate's appropriate placement, housing and bed assignments, as well as work, education, and program assignments with the goal of keeping all inmates safe and free from sexual abuse. The staff have a tracking system for inmates who identify as high risk of victimization or abusiveness. The risk assessment information is reviewed within fourteen (14) days, if there is an incident of sexual abuse, upon request, or if there is receipt of additional information an inmate is at risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness. Also, staff indicated an inmate's perception of risk is addressed and provision will be made on a case-by-case basis for showering changes.</p> <p>Documentation review confirmed the risk assessment occurred within fourteen (14) days and the inmate received the rescreening as required. The facility does not have a designated housing unit for gay, bisexual, transgender or intersex inmates. During the on-site visit, an inmate list was provided by the Associate Warden/PCM. There was one (1) inmate who identified as transgender therefore, the auditor was able to ask of concerns regarding placement, a special unit just for LGBTI inmates, their safety, and request to shower</p>

separately.

The facility has two (2) housing buildings that contain six (6) open bay dormitories with bunk beds, dayrooms, telephones, table and chairs and shower/bathroom areas. The secure inmate boxes for correspondence, institutional/grievance forms, commissary, and medical requests are located in all six (6) dormitories. Isolation is not utilized at the facility as a means of protective custody. An interview with Randolph CC's Warden confirmed isolation is not utilized at the facility as a means of protective custody.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- OPUS Online and Health Services Policy and Procedure TX I-13 (Evaluation and Management of Transgender Offenders)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Adult Facilities)
- Review of OPUS screening information
- Warden interview
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Random staff interviews
- Transgender inmate interview

115.43	Protective Custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/24/2015 requires institutional staff who identify inmates as high risk of sexual victimization or inmates alleged to have suffered sexual abuse should not normally be placed in restrictive housing without their consent unless it has been determined that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers.</p> <p>Placement in restrictive housing must be clearly documented on the “Protective Control Interview Form”, the basis for the concern for the inmate’s safety and the reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged. Requires that involuntary assignment to restrictive housing shall only be long enough for alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged, but no longer than thirty (30) days. Requires inmates placed in restrictive housing shall have access to programs, privileges, education, and work opportunities to the extent possible while ensuring their safety. Any restrictions of programs, privileges, education and work opportunity, duration of the limitation and the reasons for the limitation will be clearly documented on this form. Additionally, any placement of an inmate in involuntary restrictive housing and any type of restrictions is documented in OPUS.</p> <p>The facility does not have restrictive housing and if protective custody would be an emergency the inmate would be transferred to another facility. Interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM confirmed there have been no inmates transferred to another facility for protective custody in the past twelve (12) months. The information would be documented in OPUS.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC’s PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews

115.51	Inmate reporting
	<p data-bbox="252 168 901 201">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 246 526 280">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 324 1476 952">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Policy D .0300 (Inmate Use of the Mail) effective date 11/01/13 requires the department to provide multiple ways for inmates to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment, and staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. These various ways of reporting include advising an administrator, a staff member, external reporting, placing a written complaint in the grievance box, and third party. Requires that staff shall accept reports made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties and shall promptly document inmate verbal reports as an “Incident Reporting” form. Requires an inmate method of reporting must include reporting to an outside public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency and is able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials, allowing the inmate to remain anonymous upon request. Also, the department has provided a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1008 1476 1254">Randolph CC has multiple ways for inmate reporting of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. Also, during the orientation process inmates are advised they can tell any staff member, including interns, contractors or volunteers, who are trained and required to report all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment and in writing through the grievance procedure.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1310 1476 1814">In January 2018, NCDPS worked diligently to identify another external reporting system and connected with Forgiven Ministry, a 501 (c) non-profit organization. The auditor was advised of the change with the external reporting procedure and was provided with an updated intake/orientation process and the NCDPS “External Reporting Agency Acknowledgement” form that is provided to the inmates during intake. NCDPS has partnered with Forgiven Ministry to provide the external process for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally and anonymously. There is evidence of the NCDPS PREA Director obtaining a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Forgiven Ministry as of March 1, 2018, as the statewide external agency for inmate reporting. This MOU is in effect for one (1) year and can be renegotiated annually thereafter. Also, the auditor was advised a facility has the option to use a local rape crisis center to provide emotional support services to the inmates.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1870 1476 2072">Documentation review confirmed the Randolph CC’s case management staff did not implement the external reporting agency acknowledgment form at the facility and therefore the inmates were not educated on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment utilizing the hotline number posted in the living areas. Random inmate interviews indicated limited knowledge of the process but acknowledged the posting of the number.</p> <p data-bbox="252 2128 1476 2161">There is evidence of Randolph CC’s Warden obtaining a Memorandum of Understanding with</p>

Randolph County Family Crisis Center on 10/22/19 to provide free confidential crisis intervention and emotional support services related to sexual abuse inmates. Any inmate seeking services can call the telephone number at no additional cost to the inmate. The auditor interviewed via telephone a representative from Randolph County Family Crisis Center during the on-site visit. She indicated there had been no calls from inmates in the past twelve (12) months requesting emotional support services related to a fear of sexual abuse that may occur at the facility. Randolph Hospital (SANE) provides the emergency services and forensic medical examinations at no financial cost to the victim. In the past twelve (12) months, there has been no allegation where a victim required a forensic medical examination.

Associate Warden/PCM and staff interviews confirmed they will accept allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally, in writing, anonymously, from third parties, and their obligation of being mandated reporters. In addition, the staff is provided information for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment in a confidential manner through a separate phone number provided by NCDPS's website.

Inmates are informed verbally and in writing on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. These various ways of reporting include advising an administrator, a staff member, telephoning the hotline number, placing a written complaint in the grievance box and external complaint to a third party. Additionally, inmates are provided with access to a locked grievance box with grievance forms, posting of the PREA information (reporting resources) and brochure. While touring the entire facility, the auditor observed in the living areas postings of the PREA information (posters) informing inmates of the telephone numbers to call against sexual abuse and sexual harassment and to call the victim advocate, however, the victim advocate information was limited and unclear as to what services are provided. Reporting procedures are provided to inmates through the Inmate/PREA Orientation, brochure, and Inmate Rule Booklet.

After the on-site visit, the staff were re-trained on how to provide the PREA education information to an inmate upon arrival to the facility which included the external reporting process. The NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation to the auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews, review of documentation, and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Policy D .0300 (Inmate Use of the Mail)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center
- PREA brochure "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate"
- Randolph County Family Crisis Center representative interview

- Grievance form
- PREA Postings (English & Spanish)
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective actions (training and sign-in sheet)

115.52	Exhaustion of administrative remedies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy G .0300 (Administrative Remedy Procedure) effective date 08/01/13 allows an inmate to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse with no time limit. This allows for third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse, and permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates. Allows the facility to request the alleged victim to agree to third party grievances alleging sexual abuse. If an inmate declines to have the request processed, the facility will document the inmates' decision. Prohibits the requirement that an inmate must first use an informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, when reporting an allegation of sexual abuse. Allows an inmate to submit a grievance without submitting to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint and prohibits the agency from referring the grievance to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint. Also, the policy describes the orientation inmates receive explaining how to use the grievance process to report allegations of abuse and has administrative procedures/appeal process for dealing with inmate's grievances regarding sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>Requires a final agency decision within ninety (90) days on any portion of a grievance that alleges sexual abuse, and the ninety (90) days shall not include time consumed by inmates preparing any administrative appeal. Allows the department to claim an extension of time to respond to a grievance, up to seventy (70) days, with notification to the inmate. Establishes an emergency grievance for an inmate that is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, including an initial response within twenty-four (24) hours and a final response within five (5) days. Prohibits the discipline of an inmate for filing a grievance related to sexual abuse only where the agency demonstrates the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith.</p> <p>Random inmate interviews and documentation confirmed there is a grievance process relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment and a written complaint can be placed in the PREA/grievance box (mail). Also, the inmate would contact a trusted staff, telephone the hotline, facility's administration, in relation to sexual abuse or sexual harassment complaints. Random staff interviews confirmed they will accept allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally, in writing, anonymously, and identified the PREA/grievance boxes (mail) located in all six (6) dormitories. Also, the staff indicated they would contact their supervisor immediately to begin an investigation.</p> <p>An interview with the Associate Warden/PCM and memorandum dated 11/14/19 confirmed there had been no grievances within the past twelve (12) months. He indicated emergency grievances are available and reports the staff must respond within twenty-four (24) hours and provide a final determination within five (5) days. Also, the Associate Warden/PCM confirmed the inmates receive an explanation on how to use the grievance process to report allegations of sexual abuse and has administrative procedures/appeal process for dealing with inmate's grievances regarding sexual abuse or sexual harassment during orientation and they are provided with an inmate rule book. Inmates may place a written complaint (grievance) in the</p>

secured grievance box located in all six (6) dormitories. Random inmate interviews confirmed there is a grievance process relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment complaints at the facility.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy G .0300 (Administrative Remedy Procedure)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of grievances filed that alleged sexual abuse reported was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of grievances alleging sexual abuse that reached a final decision within 90 days after being filed reported was two
- The number of grievances alleging sexual abuse filed by inmates in the past 12 months in which the inmate declined third-party assistance, containing documentation of inmate's decision to decline, reported was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of emergency grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse that were filed in the past 12 months reported was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse filed in the past 12 months that reached final decisions with five days reported was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of inmate grievances alleging sexual abuse that resulted in disciplinary action by the agency against the inmate for having filed a grievance in bad faith reported was zero
- Grievance form
- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Random staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews

115.53	Inmate access to outside confidential support services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires the facilities provide to inmates outside confidential support services, PREA Support Persons, legal counsel and the facility to provide reasonable communication between inmates, these organizations and agency, in as confidential a manner as possible. The facility shall inform inmates prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communication will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws.</p> <p>There is evidence of Randolph CC's Warden obtaining a Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center on 10/22/19 to provide free confidential crisis intervention and emotional support services related to sexual abuse inmates. Any inmate seeking services can call the telephone number at no additional cost to the inmate. The auditor interviewed via telephone a representative from Randolph County Family Crisis Center during the on-site visit. She indicated there had been no calls from inmates in the past twelve (12) months requesting emotional support services related to a fear of sexual abuse that may occur at the facility. Randolph Hospital (SANE) provides the emergency services and forensic medical examinations at no financial cost to the victim. In the past twelve (12) months, there has been no allegation where a victim required a forensic medical examination.</p> <p>Staff interviews indicated the program staff provides information (NCDPS Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate brochure and handbook) to every inmate entering the facility and reviews this information one-on-one with the inmate. The information consists of facility rules, their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, how to report, their right to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment, prevention/intervention, self-protection, reporting and treatment/counseling and is available in Spanish. The facility's postings and the orientation handbook contained information of the outside services. Random inmate interviews revealed limited knowledge of how to access outside services and what kind of services are provided to them. The staff will be providing additional education to future inmates on emotional support services during their orientation process at the facility.</p> <p>After the on-site visit, all staff were re-trained on who provides free confidential emotional support services (Randolph County Family Crisis Center) and how to provide additional education to future inmates on outside advocate services during their intake/orientation process. The NCDPS PREA Program Coordinator sent the appropriate supplemental documentation to this auditor demonstrating corrective actions had been taken with this standard prior to the submission of this report.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews, review of documentation and the follow-up documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p>

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center
- PREA brochure "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate"
- Randolph County Family Crisis Center representative interview
- Staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews
- Additional supplemental documentation for the corrective actions (training and sign-in sheet)

115.54	Third-party reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 identifies the agency's third party reporting process and instruct staff to accept third party reports from any source, provides information for anyone who sees or suspects sexual abuse, sexual harassment, or victimization of any kind to report it promptly.</p> <p>NCDPS website provides the public with information regarding third-party reporting of sexual abuse or sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate. There are several reporting options (written, verbal and anonymous) for the receipt of third-party reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. In addition, the Department has established a confidential webpage for employees to report allegations fraud, waste, abuse, misconduct or mismanagement in the department and these concerns may be reported anonymously. There are two (2) separate reporting options for the receipt of third-party reports of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. They may write to the State-wide PREA Director or send an email through the link provided. This information is reported directly to the State-wide PREA Director who will inform the Warden. These reports will be investigated. Also, NCDPS has partnered with Forgiven Ministry to provide the external process for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally and anonymously. Randolph CC has an outside source called Randolph County Family Crisis Center to provide another external resource for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally, in writing and anonymously. Also due to the confidentiality laws, the inmate must sign a consent form for Randolph County Family Crisis Center to report to the facility of an alleged sexual abuse or sexual harassment occurrence.</p> <p>Random staff and investigator interviews confirmed they receive allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment from third party reporters and are reported to investigators as if an inmate made the allegation. Third party reporters includes fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, shall be permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse, and shall also be permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates. The auditor viewed the website, confirmed the information regarding third-party reporting and the link to send an e-mail directly to the NCDPS's PREA Director. Also, an interview with the NCDPS PREA Director confirmed and described the process for third-party reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Random inmate interviews confirmed their awareness of reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment to others outside of the facility. There are facility posters that identify a phone number for friends and families of inmates to call if they wish to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p>

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- NCDPS website
- NCDPS PREA Director interview
- Facility investigator interview
- Random staff interviews
- Random inmate interviews

115.61	Staff and agency reporting duties
	<p data-bbox="248 170 898 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="248 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="248 327 1469 875">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires that all employees, volunteers, and contractors shall immediately report to their supervisor or the shift supervisor any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in the facility, retaliation against inmates or staff who reported such an incident, and any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. Information related to a sexual abuse report shall not be released to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specific in the procedures, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions. NCDPS has identified the reporting process for all staff employed, contracted, intern or who volunteer to immediately report any knowledge, suspicion or information they receive regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, retaliation against inmates or staff who report any incidents or any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation.</p> <p data-bbox="248 925 1469 1301">Random staff interviews including medical and mental health staff confirmed being mandated reporters, the requirement to report any knowledge, suspicion or information of sexual abuse or sexual harassment and to maintain confidentiality through the facility's protocol and/or training. All staff receive this training annually during in-service. All staff would complete an incident report with the details of any incidents that would occur in the facility in compliance with this standard and they are prohibited from sharing information with anyone who is not part of the investigation or reporting process. Interviews with both medical and mental health staff confirmed their responsibility to inform inmates their duty to report and their limitations of confidentiality during the intake process.</p> <p data-bbox="248 1350 1469 1648">Also, there is a PREA reference/education binder located at the Sergeant's office/central control area containing the policy, reporting process, victim advocate information, and forms for the facility staff in the event of an incident. Interviews with medical and mental health staff confirmed their responsibility to inform inmates under 18 years old of their duty to report and limitations of confidentiality. Both the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM indicated all alleged sexual abuse or sexual harassment reports, regardless of where the information came from, is reported immediately to the facility investigator.</p> <p data-bbox="248 1697 1410 1816">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and inmate interviews and review of documentation the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="248 1865 1209 1899">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="248 1955 1442 2157" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Warden interview

- Associate Warden/PCM interview
- Random staff interviews
- Medical and mental health staff interviews

115.62	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 indicated the requirement of the facility to take immediate action if staff learn an inmate is at risk of imminent sexual abuse. Interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM indicated any information received that alleges an inmate is at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse would require immediate removal of the inmate and to isolate the threat. The other randomly selected staff interviews indicated if an inmate was in danger of sexual abuse or at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, they would act immediately to ensure the safety of the inmate, separate from the alleged perpetrator and contact their immediate supervisor. Also, the inmate would be referred for mental health services. An interview with the Warden confirmed there were no incidents involving an immediate action to protect an inmate that was a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse in the past twelve (12) months at the facility.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Warden interview • Associate Warden/PCM interview • Random staff interviews

115.63	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires an allegation made whereby an inmate was sexually abused at another facility is required to be reported to the facility where the alleged sexual abuse occurred, the notification will be made as soon as possible but no later than 72 hours, and shall be documented. Requires any receipt of an allegation of sexual abuse from another facility that occurred while confined in that facility, the Warden or designee shall ensure an investigation is completed.</p> <p>Interview with the Warden indicated per policy an allegation made whereby an inmate was sexually abused at another facility is required to be reported to the facility where the alleged sexual abuse occurred, that the notification will be made no later than 72 hours and shall be documented. Also, an interview with the Warden indicated there had been no incidents reported that an inmate had been sexually abused or sexually harassed while confined at another facility during the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - During the past 12 months, the number of allegations the facility received that a resident was abused while confined at another facility was zero • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - During the past 12 months, the number of allegations the facility received from other facilities was zero • Warden interview

115.64	Staff first responder duties
	<p data-bbox="252 170 896 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 327 1477 831">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 indicated the requirement of the first responding staff is to separate the alleged victim and alleged abuser, protect any physical evidence by requesting that the victim does not destroy evidence (through washing, brushing teeth, changing clothing, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking or eating, protect any physical evidence by ensuring the alleged perpetrator does not destroy evidence (through washing, brushing teeth, changing clothing, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking or eating), if the abuse took place within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence and secure the crime scene. Requires a victim shall be taken to medical staff as soon as possible or if no medical or mental health are on staff, shall ensure they are notified. Requires a first responder who is not a security staff shall request the victim not to destroy evidence and to notify a security staff.</p> <p data-bbox="252 887 1477 1211">Random staff interviews and a first responder interview validated their technical knowledge of actions to be taken upon learning an inmate was sexually abused and provided the action steps identified in the NCDPS policies and procedures of their responsibilities as first responders and aware of why they do these duties. Also, every interviewed staff, without hesitation, described actions they would take immediately, and these steps were all consistent with NCDPS policies and procedures including reporting to the Supervisor. A review of the training documentation confirmed staff had been trained in their responsibilities as first responders and have been provided with all types of additional training.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1267 1477 1424">Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews indicated there have been no allegations an inmate was sexually abused with a staff responding as a first responder or were notified within a time period that allowed for the collection of physical evidence during the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1480 1477 1603">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff and first responder interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1659 1214 1693">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="252 1738 1445 2152" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - During the past 12 months, the number of allegations the facility received that an inmate was allegedly sexually abused and sexually harassed was three • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - During the past 12 months, the number of allegations where staff were notified within a time period that still allowed for the collection of physical evident was zero

- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - of the allegations that an inmate was sexually abused made in the past 12 months, the number of times a non-security staff was the first responder were zero
- Random staff interviews
- First responder interview
- Warden interview
- Associate Warden/PCM interview

115.65	Coordinated response
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 provides a written coordinated response system at the facility to coordinate actions taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse and the notification procedures among staff first responders, administration, executive staff, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, contacting law enforcement, and victim advocate services.</p> <p>Interviews with the Warden and other random staff confirmed their technical knowledgeable of their duties to coordinate actions taken in response to a sexual abuse allegation. Also, the staff carry a first responder card which details the steps to take in response to a sexual abuse allegation. The facility's staff has a system in place providing the staff with clear actions to be taken by each discipline for accessing, contacting administrative staff, medical and mental health staff, contacting law enforcement, victim advocate services, hospital & parent/guardian and a number of other individuals in response to sexual abuse allegations. Also, the staff utilizes the "PREA Incident Report" form to complete the documentation of the incident. Randolph CC's PREA Sexual Abuse Institutional Response Plan was reviewed and includes a step-by-step instruction guide on security search/evidence collection, document preparedness and review, and notification of first responder, administration responsibility, medical and mental health staff, PREA Compliance Manager, investigator and other pertinent staff.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Harassment Coordinated Response Overview • PREA Incident Report form • First Responder Card • Warden interview • Random staff interviews

115.66	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>The agency provided a memorandum dated October 2, 2019 confirms the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) does not engage in the collective bargaining process regarding any violation of departmental policy regarding PREA. NCDPS does not allow an entity to restrict the Department's ability to terminate an employee or remove a staff who has allegedly sexually abused and sexually harassed inmates from having contact with other individuals pending the outcome of an investigation or determination of whether and to what extent to discipline is warranted. This was confirmed with one (1) of the PREA Program Coordinators that collective bargaining is not utilized in the Department.</p> <p>Based on the information discovered in the documentation and an interview with one of the PREA Program Coordinators, the auditor has determined the agency meets the requirements of the standard.</p> <p>Supporting Documents Reviewed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • NCDPS's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • PREA Program Coordinator Interview • Collective Bargaining Memorandum dated 10/02/19

115.67	Agency protection against retaliation
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires the protection and monitoring of inmates and staff who have reported sexual abuse and sexual harassment or who have cooperated in a sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigation. NCDPS policies and procedures prohibit retaliation against any staff or inmate for making a report of sexual abuse as well as retaliation against a victim who has suffered from abuse. Requires multiple protections such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of the alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation are available. Requires monitoring for a minimum of ninety (90) days, with periodic status checks, and provides protections for any other individual who cooperates with an investigation. The monitoring at a minimum will take place for a period of 90 days or longer, as needed. This monitoring would include inmate disciplinary reports, housing and program changes, negative performance reports as well as reassignments of staff.</p> <p>An interview with the Associate Warden/PCM confirmed his responsibility with monitoring the conduct or treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to determine if changes that may suggest possible retaliation exist. He is responsible for assigning a PREA Support Person (PSP) who will serve as an advocate to link services (community base advocates or mental health professionals) and support to inmates who report sexual abuse and sexual harassment by another resident, staff member, contractor or volunteer. Also, the interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM indicated that all alleged victims or reporters are met within twenty-four (24) hours and every other week thereafter.</p> <p>The Randolph CC's Warden has designated two (2) staff for this role and completed the required form (OPA-A18) on September 9, 2019. These individuals are screened for appropriateness to serve as a victim advocate and receive specialized training. Random staff interviews and training documentation confirmed the role of the PSP individuals at the facility. The PCM is responsible to monitor staff retaliation and would document the information on the Staff (OPA-I22) form. The assigned PSP individual is responsible to monitor inmate retaliation and would document the information on the Offender (OPA-I24) form. They monitor for changes in work assignments, education or vocational changes, inmate disciplinary reports, housing and program changes, negative performance reports as well as reassignments of staff. Upon completion of the investigation, the PCM and/or the PSP individual will complete a "PREA Sexual Abuse and Harassment Retaliation Report" form [Staff (OPA-I22) or Offender (OPA-I24)].</p> <p>The Associate Warden's memorandum dated 11/14/19 there have been no allegations of sexual abuse substantiated to initiate any protective measures or monitoring of retaliation during the past 12 months period.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information</p>

obtained through the staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Warden interview
- Associate Warden/PCM interview and memorandum

115.68	Post-allegation protective custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires that inmates identified as victims of sexual abuse shall not be placed in involuntary restrictive housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. Also, the policy contained information on post-allegation protective custody or guidelines for moving an inmate to another housing area or another facility as a last measure to keep inmates who alleged sexual abuse safe and only until an alternative means for keeping the inmate safe can be arranged. It allows for the temporary holding, less than twenty-four (24) hours, in involuntary segregated housing or in temporary protective custody only if the facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately. If an inmate is placed in restrictive housing, the inmate is seen every seven (7) days by the mental health staff who documents the status. An “Administrative Restrictive Housing – Protective Custody” form is required to be completed when an inmate is placed into the restrictive housing unit.</p> <p>An interview with the Warden indicated the facility does not have restrictive housing and if there was a result of an allegation being identified as a high risk for sexual victimization, the inmate would be transferred to another facility. Also, the Warden's interview indicated there has been no transfer of any inmates resulting of an allegation or as being identified as high risk for sexual victimization in the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Warden interview

115.71	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview requires all staff to refer all alleged incidents of sexual abuse or sexual harassment to local law enforcement [Randolph County Sheriff's Department] for criminal investigations. The staff refers all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to their Regional Office and the NCDPS PREA Office for completion of an administrative investigation. Additionally, the facility's PREA investigators could be assigned to conduct the administrative investigation. Requires each facility to cooperate with the assigned investigator and shall remain informed as to the progress of the investigation. The report shall include a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings.</p> <p>Also, the policies require investigations to be confidential and all interviews to be conducted in private; an investigation cannot terminate based on the department of the complaint's alleged victim or perpetration from the agency employment or control, or if the source of the allegation recants; the credibility of an alleged victim, subject or witness must be assessed on an individual basis and never be determined by the person's status as a resident or staff; investigation records to include, but not limited to investigations reports, transcripts of statement, copies of documentation relevant to the investigation, and all related material from other agency incidents as applicable; investigations must include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the incident being investigated and be documented in writing to include investigative facts and findings.</p> <p>Requires all investigators shall receive special training in sexual abuse investigations before conducting PREA investigations, and that all investigations of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment shall be done promptly, thoroughly, and objectively for all allegations, including third-party and anonymous reports. Requires the gathering and preserving of direct and circumstantial evidence, including physical and DNA evidence and electronic monitoring data, interviews, and reviews of prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator. Requires consultation with prosecutors before conducting compelled interviews and prohibits the use of a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding with an investigation.</p> <p>Requires the credibility of any person shall be assessed on an individual basis. Administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse. Requires both administrative and criminal investigations shall be documented in written reports that shall include a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessment, and the investigative facts and findings. Requires all allegations of criminal conduct be referred for prosecution. Requires an investigation not stop should the alleged abuser or victim depart from the employment or control of the facility or agency. Requires all case records associated with claims of sexual abuse or sexual harassment including all documentation be retained for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five (5) years.</p>

Documentation review and an interview with the facility investigator confirmed he completed the required specialized investigator training as well as the annual PREA education. The investigator indicated all allegations are investigated, regardless of how the information is initially obtained and reported that investigations begin immediately upon notification. At the facility level, the assigned investigator will conduct an initial inquiry into the alleged allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment, to determine if criminal behavior is involved or a staff person is the alleged perpetrator, at which time the investigation would be referred to Randolph County Sheriff's Department. The facility investigator collects evidence and maintains the evidence as required. The facility investigator's interview confirmed the credibility of the victim is based on evidence found, and that no polygraph examination or truth-telling device is a condition for proceeding with an investigation. Also, the facility investigator indicated an investigation does not cease until completed, regardless if the alleged perpetrator is released or resigns employment, or if the victim leaves the facility prior to the completion of the investigation. The facility investigator reported that he would assist if the investigation was conducted by Randolph County Sheriff's Department.

Randolph CC Associate Warden's memorandum dated 11/14/19 indicated there have been no reported investigations that appeared to be criminal and referred for prosecution of alleged staff's or inmate's inappropriate sexual behavior that occurred in this facility in the past twelve (12) months. At the facility, there are four (4) staff who have completed the NCDPS PREA Specialized Training: Investigating Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment. It was evident, the staff reported incidents as required and reports are retained for five (5) years from the date the alleged abuser is released or employed by the facility, unless the abuse was committed by a juvenile and applicable laws require a shorter period of retention. The PREA data must be retained for ten (10) years.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Specialized Investigations: Sexual Abuse and Harassment power point & lesson plan
- Sexual Abuse (PREA) Investigators: Understanding Sexual Abuse power point
- DAC Mock Interview training
- Training Course Record sign-in sheet
- Associate Warden's memorandum
- Facility investigator interview

115.72	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 requires that a facility investigate the allegation and indicates a standard of a preponderance of the evidence or a lower standard of proof for determining if allegations are substantiated. The OSI PREA Investigator and/or the facility's PREA Investigator investigates the allegation and indicates a standard of a preponderance of the evidence or a lower standard of proof for determining if allegations are substantiated, unsubstantiated or unfounded.</p> <p>An interview with one (1) of the facility investigators indicated that he conducts fact finding investigations and makes conclusions following his investigations (which are administrative in nature) therefore the Warden in consultation with legal, his supervisory staff and Human Resources would make a determination regarding disciplinary actions to be imposed and the standard they would use is the preponderance of evidence.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Facility investigator interview

115.73	Reporting to inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview requires any inmate who makes an allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse is informed in writing. Also, the policy contains the process for notifying inmates whether the allegation proves substantiated, unsubstantiated or unfounded following an investigation. The policy further require following an inmate’s allegation a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate, the facility informs the inmate unless the allegations are “unfounded” whenever the staff member is no longer posted within the inmate’s housing unit; the staff member is no longer employed at the facility; Randolph County Sheriff’s Department learns the staff member has been indicted or convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility and with regard to investigations involving inmate-on-inmate allegations of sexual abuse, Randolph County Sheriff’s Department will inform the Warden who will then inform the inmate whenever the facility learns the alleged abuser has been indicted or convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility.</p> <p>Interviews with the facility investigator and the Associate Warden/PCM confirmed all investigation outcomes, whether the allegation proves substantiated, unsubstantiated or unfounded following an investigation, are completed by the facility investigator and the documentation is maintained with the investigation. Randolph CC Associate Warden/PCM interview and memorandum dated 11/14/19 confirmed there has been three (3) reported investigations of alleged staff or inmate’s inappropriate sexual behavior that occurred in the facility in the past twelve (12) months which was investigated by one (1) of the facility investigators. However, no assigned PSP individual due to the investigations not PREA related and therefore notifications were advised verbally.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC’s PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - The number of criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged inmate sexual abuse were completed by the agency/facility the past 12 months was three • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - Of the alleged sexual abuse investigations that were completed in the past 12 months, the number of inmates who were notified, verbally or in writing, of the results of the investigation was zero

- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - The number of investigations of alleged inmate sexual abuse in the facility that were completed by an outside agency in the past 12 months was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - Of the outside agency investigations of alleged sexual abuse that were completed in the past 12 months, the number of inmates alleging sexual abuse in the facility who were notified verbally or in writing of the results of the investigation was zero
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of notifications to inmates that were provided pursuant to this standard was zero
- Report of Investigative Outcome to Inmate form
- Facility investigator interview
- Associate Warden/PCM interview and memorandum

115.76	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	<p data-bbox="252 168 901 201">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 246 526 280">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 324 1476 1086">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Policy A .0200 (Conduct of Employees) effective date 2/01/16 required staff who are terminated or who resign for a violation of the sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies shall be informed of the NCDPS's reporting the employment action to any relevant licensing bodies and to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal. Requires that staff shall be subjected to the disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violation of NCDPS sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. Requires that termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who had engaged in sexual abuse. Requires that violations of the NCDPS policies relating to sexual misconduct or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. The policy also mandates the violation be reported to the NCDPS PREA Office and law enforcement if criminal in nature. All disciplinary sanctions are maintained in the employee's HR file in accordance with NCDPS policy and procedures. Additionally, staff may not escape sanctions by resigning. Staff who resign because they would have been terminated, are reported to the local law enforcement, unless the activities were not clearly criminal.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1131 1452 1299">Interviews with the Warden, Administrative Specialist II and the Associate Warden/PCM's memorandum confirmed there had been no employee disciplined, terminated or resigned in the past twelve (12) months for violation of the facility's sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1344 1460 1467">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1512 1212 1556">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="252 1601 1484 2150" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Policy A .0200 (Conduct of Employees) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have violated agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies was zero • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have been terminated (or resigned prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies is zero • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have been disciplined, short of termination, for violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies reported were zero

- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have been reported to law enforcement or licensing boards following their termination (or resignation prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies reported was zero
- Warden interview
- Administrative Specialist II interview
- Associate Warden/PCM memorandum

115.77	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers
	<p data-bbox="252 170 896 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 327 1485 741">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; Policy F.0604 (Community Volunteer Program) effective 7/01/10 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse of inmates shall be prohibited from contact with inmates and shall be reported to the NCDPS PREA Office, any relevant licensing bodies and to local law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal. Requires the facility staff to take appropriate remedial measures and shall consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates, in the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a volunteer or contractor.</p> <p data-bbox="252 797 1458 1043">Randolph CC Warden's interview and Associate Warden/PCM memorandum dated 11/14/19 confirmed there were no instances or reports whereby a volunteer or contractor was alleged to have violated the sexual abuse or sexual harassment NCDPS policies and procedures in the past twelve (12) months. All volunteers and contractors must sign the "PREA Acknowledgement Form" upon completion of the PREA training they received. This was verified with the documentation review.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1099 1398 1211">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1267 1214 1301">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="252 1357 1477 2029" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Policy F.0604 (Community Volunteer Program) • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of volunteers who have been reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies for engaging in sexual abuse of inmate was zero • Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of contractors who have been reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies for engaging in sexual abuse of an inmate was zero • "PREA Acknowledgement Form" forms • Warden interview • Associate Warden memorandum

115.78	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019 and Policy B.0200 (Inmate Disciplinary Procedures) effective date 1/03/18 requires an inmate who makes a report of inmate-on-inmate sexual violence or employee sexual abuse or sexual harassment that is determined to be false, may be charged with a disciplinary offense if it is determined the report was made in bad faith following consultation with the NCDPS PREA Coordinator. Requires sanctions to be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate’s disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories.</p> <p>Requires consideration whether an inmate’s mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed. Requires the consideration whether to require the offending inmate to participate in interventions as a condition of access to programming or other benefits when services, such as therapy, counseling or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for abuse, are available. Inmates shall not be charged for reports of sexual abuse made in good faith, based upon a reasonable belief the alleged conduct occurred. Such a report shall not constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish sufficient evidence to substantiate the allegation.</p> <p>An interview with the Warden indicated sanctions are addressed at a formal disciplinary hearing and mental health staff is conferred with before sanctions are determined. He stated disciplinary actions can include a change in custody level, segregation time, loss of good time and law enforcement charges which may be referred for prosecution if the allegations were criminal, if applicable. The staff provides each inmate with a NCDPS PREA pamphlet entitled “Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate” and Inmate Rule Book that includes their rights and responsibilities, a disciplinary list of violations, disciplinary procedures and transfers. Inmates will be offered therapy, counseling or other interventions designed to address and correct the underlining reasons for their conduct. Randolph CC Warden’s and Associate Warden/PCM’s memorandum dated 11/14/19 confirmed there have been no administrative findings of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse occurred at the facility in the past twelve (12) months resulting in disciplinary action.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interview and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Policy B.0200 (Inmate Disciplinary Procedures) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist

- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of administrative findings of Inmate-on-Inmate sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility was one
- Pre-Audit Questionnaire review - In the past 12 months, the number of criminal findings of guilt for Inmate-on-Inmate sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility was zero
- Warden interview
- Associate Warden/PCM memorandum

115.81	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse
	<p data-bbox="248 168 898 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="248 248 523 284">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="248 329 1469 1003">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; Diagnostic Procedures Manual Policy 305.03 (Psychological and Psychiatric Referral) Revision; Health Services Policy and Procedure CP 18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines); Memo 10-2013 (Diagnostic Policy Update) and Memo 11-2013 (Case Manager PREA Requirement) requires medical and mental health evaluations and as appropriate, treatment is offered to all inmates victimized by sexual abuse and ensure confidentiality of information. Inmates who report prior sexual victimization or who disclose prior incidents of perpetrating sexual abuse, either in an institution or in the community, are required to be offered a follow-up with a medical or a mental health practitioner within 14 days of admission/screening. Limits access to the screening information to medical and mental health practitioners, and other staff, as necessary, to inform treatment plans and security and management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by federal, state, or local law. Requires medical and mental health to obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of eighteen (18).</p> <p data-bbox="248 1055 1461 1559">Documentation review confirmed medical staff complete various admission screening forms electronically (HERO system) and mental health staff complete various forms (i.e. Mental Health Assessment and Treatment Plan) during the initial intake process including informed consent disclosures (General Consent form) available both in English and Spanish. Also, mental health staff review assignment areas in the facility and track high risk victims/abusers assigned to these areas. During the interviews with the medical and mental health staff confirmed although there were no disclosures while conducting risk assessments, all inmates were offered follow-up meetings with medical and mental health providers. Also, medical and mental health staff confirmed the referral process for inmates who report sexual victimization or are identified as being sexually abusive at intake is reported within fourteen (14) days. Medical staff provides inmates with health education (including sexual abuse/assault) during the initial intake process and throughout their stay at the facility.</p> <p data-bbox="248 1615 1481 1816">Interviews with both the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM confirmed there are no inmates under the age of eighteen (18) housed at the facility. Documentation review confirmed medical and mental health staff conducts risk assessments during the initial intake process including informed consent disclosures. There were no inmates who disclosed prior victimization during their initial screening process within the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p data-bbox="248 1872 1394 1989">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="248 2045 1209 2080">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="248 2130 1442 2166" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse

and Sexual Harassment)

- NCDPS Diagnostic Procedures Manual Policy 305.03 (Psychological and Psychiatric Referral) Revision
- Health Services Policy and Procedure CP 18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines)
- Memo 10-2013 (Diagnostic Policy Update)
- Memo 11-2013 (Case Manager PREA Requirement)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Admission screening forms (i.e. HERO system, Mental Health Assessment and Treatment Plan and General Consent form)
- Medical and mental health staff interviews
- Warden and Associate Warden/PCM interviews

115.82	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; the Health Services Policy and Procedure CP-18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines) effective 2/2014 and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires the timely and unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services for victims of sexual abuse. If there are no qualified medical or mental health practitioners on duty at the time a report of sexual assault or sexual abuse is made, security staff first responders shall take preliminary steps to protect the victim and shall immediately notify the facility's designated medical and mental health practitioner. Requires that victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated shall be offered timely information about and access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis. Requires that treatment services are provided free of cost and regardless of whether the victim identifies the abuser or cooperates with an investigation.</p> <p>Documentation and interviews confirmed Randolph Hospital (SANE/SAFE certified) provides the emergency and forensic medical examinations at no financial cost to the victim. Randolph County Family Crisis Center is the program identified to provide confidential emotional support services to the inmates at the facility. The facility has available the NCDPS "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate" brochure that identifies for the inmates to telephone the hotline number and postings of the PREA information (reporting resources). Also the facility has two (2) PREA Support Persons (PSP) that serve as an advocate to link services (community based advocates or mental health professionals) and provide confidential emotional support to inmates who report sexual abuse and sexual harassment by another inmate, staff member, contractor or volunteer.</p> <p>Interviews with the medical and mental health staff confirmed inmates (victims) of sexual abuse receive timely and unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services. The medical staff indicated that services begin immediately upon notification of a victim of sexual abuse from the supervisor or any other staff to contact the hospital and medical practitioner. All notifications would be completed to the appropriate individuals and to follow the medical staff's directive regarding any forensic examination. The medical and mental health staff interviews indicated the scope of services is in accordance to their professional judgment, policy and any physician orders or protocols. All orders will be documented in the HERO system. The medical and mental health staff had a protocol in place to assist in expediting an inmate to the emergency room with specific documentation (Trip Ticket, Summary of Medical Record & Mental Health Services Referral, Inmate Medical Transportation Report) for the staff. Also, documentation provided confirmed treatment services are provided to every victim without financial cost. The medical staff had a tracking system of documenting all PREA incidents that occur at the facility.</p> <p>The staff (first responders) would follow the Coordinated Response Plan which includes notification to medical and mental health staff, as well as transporting the victim to Randolph Hospital if the incident was reported in a timely manner that allowed for physical evidence</p>

collection. Also, the medical staff's interviews indicated that the hospital would begin any sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis treatment/services and orders would be for follow-up services. Mental health services would begin when the victim is available once the forensic examination has been completed at the hospital. Mental health staff interviews indicated they would see the victim no later than 24 hours after an incident and provide one-on-one counseling and make available outside emotional support services and follow-up care. In the past twelve (12) months, there has been no allegation where a victim required a forensic medical examination.

Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.

Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:

- North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment)
- NCDPS Health Services Policy and Procedure CP-18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines)
- Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan)
- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Memorandum of Understanding with Randolph County Family Crisis Center
- PREA brochure "Sexual Abuse Awareness for the Inmate"
- Randolph County Family Crisis Center representative interview
- Medical and mental health staff interviews

115.83	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers
	<p data-bbox="252 168 893 201">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 246 518 280">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 324 1484 873">A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; Health Services Policy and Procedure CP-18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines) effective 2/2014; and CC-8 (Aftercare Planning for Inmates in Healthcare Services) effective 11/2007 requires ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers. Also, the policies require the facilities to offer medical and mental health evaluations, transportation to a medical emergency room or a facility in the community equipped to evaluate, collect physical evidence and appropriate follow-up treatment that may include screening, including follow-up care for sexually transmitted diseases and other communicable diseases and any other counseling or assistance as requested. Requires treatment services to be free of financial cost regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident. The facility is required to provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care.</p> <p data-bbox="252 929 1484 1344">Interviews with the medical staff confirmed that victims are offered a sexual assault assessment, individual counseling, referral to the psychiatrist, medications as ordered by the physician, laboratory testing for STD and HIV and follow-up. Victims of sexual abuse will be transported to Randolph Hospital to receive treatment and the physical evidence can be gathered by a certified SANE medical examiner. The mental health staff interviews indicated their plan for services would include individual or group treatment, including trauma resolution and PTSD, as well as follow-up. Also, the mental health staff would conduct mental health evaluations of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers and offer treatment services within fourteen (14) days. Mental health staff also reported that all inmates receive a mental health evaluation during their first few weeks at the facility.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1400 1484 1736">There is a process in place to ensure staff track on-going medical and mental health services for victims who may have been sexually abused and medical staff track the follow-up medical visits. Mental health staff completes an evaluation and follow-up for mental health visits. The medical and mental health staff have a protocol (Medical/Mental Health Discharge Summary and Mental Health Request Referral form) in place to assist inmates upon discharge from the facility to continue services if needed. Documentation review confirmed there have been no investigations of alleged inmate's sexual abuse that occurred in this facility in the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1792 1404 1904">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1960 1212 1993">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul data-bbox="252 2038 1484 2150" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Health Services Policy and Procedure CP-18 (Clinical Practice Guidelines) and CC-8

(Aftercare Planning for Inmates in Healthcare Services)

- PREA Standards Compliance Checklist
- Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails)
- Medical/Mental Health Discharge Summary and Mental Health Request Referral form
- Medical and mental health staff interviews

115.86	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>A review of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) revised 8/12/2019; NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview and Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) revised 10/08/19 requires incident reviews (PREA Post Incident Review) to be conducted at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation including where the allegation has been substantiated and unsubstantiated. Requires the sexual abuse incident review to be conducted within thirty (30) days of the conclusion of the investigation. Requires the review team to include upper-management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. Requires the review of the allegation for: the need for policy or practice change, motivation for the incident, check of the physical area for barriers, staffing levels at the time of the incident, and information regarding any enhancement of current monitoring technology. Requires a written report completed that includes any recommendations and corrective action, as well as documentation showing implementation of the recommendations or the reason for not implementing the recommendations.</p> <p>Interviews with the Warden and Associate Warden/PCM and documentation review confirmed the staff document the information on the (PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review) which captures all aspects of an incident to include: brief chronological summary, acknowledgment of what went well during the incident, whether the incident response/action was in compliance with relevant NCDPS rules, policies, and procedures, corrective actions taken or still needed to improve outcomes in future similar incidents, policy changes, motivation of the incident, physical barriers, monitoring technology, medical and mental health services provided, outcome of the investigation/corrective actions, and inmate notification of investigation outcome upon completion of sexual abuse incident reviews. Staff interviews confirmed their knowledge of the process and would provide information for the PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review (PIR) report that captures all aspects of an incident.</p> <p>Randolph CC's Sexual Abuse Incident Review Team consists of the Warden, Associate Warden/PREA Compliance Manager, facility PREA investigator, medical and mental health staff, and assigned PSP. Randolph CC Warden's interview confirmed there has been one (1) investigation of an alleged inmate's sexual abuse that occurred at the facility in the past twelve (12) months.</p> <p>Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures, observations and information obtained through the staff interviews and review of documentation, the facility has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p>Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed, Interviews and Observation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Sexual Harassment Coordinated Response Overview

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Randolph CC's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Chapter 9 (Security and Control) Title (SAH PREA Institutional Response Plan) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • Randolph CC's PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • NCDPS Sexual Abuse & Harassment Coordinated Response Overview • PREA Post Incident Review form • Warden interview • Associate Warden/PCM interview • Random staff interviews
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115.87	Data collection
	Auditor Overall Determination: Audited at Agency Level
	Auditor Discussion

115.88	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Audited at Agency Level
	Auditor Discussion

115.89	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	Auditor Overall Determination: Audited at Agency Level
	Auditor Discussion

115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	<p data-bbox="252 170 896 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 327 1461 741">The auditor reviewed the North Carolina Department of Public Safety (NCDPS) web page at https://www.ncdps.gov/Adult-Corrections/Prison-Rape-Elimination-Act containing the PREA audit reports for both the first and second PREA review cycle. The first PREA audit review cycle had forty-three (43) PREA audit reports completed from August 2013 – August 2016. The second PREA audit review cycle had seventy-seven (77) PREA audit reports completed from August 2016 through August 2019. A review of both PREA audit review cycles indicated each facility was audited at least once during each three year period. The auditor was provided with all relevant documents pertaining to this standard. Currently, NCDPS has sixty-nine (69) facilities (55 prisons, 10 juvenile and 4 adult community confinement) to begin the third PREA audit review cycle.</p> <p data-bbox="252 797 1477 1043">The facility is one of the facilities scheduled for the first year of the third PREA review cycle. The auditor had access to the entire facility and was able to conduct staff and inmate interviews in a private room and provided with documentation in accordance to the standard. Inmates were permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to this auditor, the same method as sending to their legal counsel. Posters (pre-audit notices) for communicating to the auditor were in all areas of the facility.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1099 1445 1178">Based on the review of the agency policy and procedures and information obtained through the documentation review, the agency has demonstrated compliance with this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1234 839 1267">Policy and Supporting Documents Reviewed:</p> <ul data-bbox="252 1312 1461 1648" style="list-style-type: none"> • North Carolina Department of Public Safety Prisons (NCDPS) Policy F.3400 (Inmate Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment) • PREA Standards Compliance Checklist • NCDPS’s PREA Audit: Pre-Audit Questionnaire (Prisons and Jails) • NCDPS 2017-2018 Sexual Abuse Annual Report • NCDPS 2015-2016 Sexual Abuse Annual Report • NCDPS 2015 Sexual Abuse Annual Report • NCDPS website

115.403	Audit contents and findings
	<p data-bbox="252 1848 1007 1881">Auditor Overall Determination: Audited at Agency Level</p> <p data-bbox="252 1926 523 1960">Auditor Discussion</p>

Appendix: Provision Findings

115.11 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes

115.11 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes

115.12 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes

115.12 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes

115.13 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to	yes

	protect inmates against sexual abuse?	
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes

115.13 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	yes

115.13 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes

115.13 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes

115.14 (a)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na

115.14 (b)	Youthful inmates	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na

115.14 (c)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na

115.15 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes

115.15 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	na

115.15 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	na

115.15 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes

115.15 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes

115.15 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual	yes

	abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes

115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes

115.16 (c)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes

115.17 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes

115.17 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes

115.17 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes

115.17 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes

115.17 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes

115.17 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes

115.17 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes

115.17 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes

115.18 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na

115.18 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na

115.21 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.21 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	na
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	na

115.21 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes

115.21 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes

115.21 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes

115.21 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.21 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes

115.22 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

115.22 (b)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes

115.22 (c)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.31 (a)	Employee training	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes

115.31 (b)	Employee training	
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes

115.31 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes

115.31 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes

115.32 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes

115.32 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes

115.32 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes

115.33 (a)	Inmate education	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes

115.33 (b)	Inmate education	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes

115.33 (c)	Inmate education	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	yes
	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes

115.33 (d)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes

115.33 (e)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes

115.33 (f)	Inmate education	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes

115.34 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.34 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.34 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.35 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes

115.35 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	na

115.35 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes

115.35 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes

115.41 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes

115.41 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes

115.41 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument?	yes

115.41 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	yes

115.41 (e)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes

115.41 (f)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes

115.41 (g)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes

115.41 (h)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes

115.41 (i)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	yes

115.42 (a)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes

115.42 (b)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes

115.42 (c)	Use of screening information	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes

115.42 (d)	Use of screening information	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes

115.42 (e)	Use of screening information	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes

115.42 (f)	Use of screening information	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes

115.42 (g)	Use of screening information	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes

115.43 (a)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes

115.43 (b)	Protective Custody	
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
	If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes

115.43 (c)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
	Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes

115.43 (d)	Protective Custody	
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes

115.43 (e)	Protective Custody	
	In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes

115.51 (a)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes

115.51 (b)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na

115.51 (c)	Inmate reporting	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes

115.51 (d)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes

115.52 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	yes

115.52 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.53 (a)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes

115.53 (b)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes

115.53 (c)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes

115.54 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes

115.61 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes

115.61 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes

115.61 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes

115.61 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes

115.61 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes

115.62 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes

115.63 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes

115.63 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes

115.63 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes

115.63 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes

115.64 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes

115.64 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes

115.65 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes

115.66 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	no

115.67 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes

115.67 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

115.67 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes

115.67 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes

115.67 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes

115.68 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes

115.71 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.71 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes

115.71 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes

115.71 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes

115.71 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes

115.71 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes

115.71 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes

115.71 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes

115.71 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes

115.71 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes

115.71 (l)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.72 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes

115.73 (a)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes

115.73 (b)	Reporting to inmates	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	yes

115.73 (c)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes

115.73 (d)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes

115.73 (e)	Reporting to inmates	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes

115.76 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes

115.76 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes

115.76 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes

115.76 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes

115.77 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes

115.77 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes

115.78 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes

115.78 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes

115.78 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes

115.78 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes

115.78 (e)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes

115.78 (f)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes

115.78 (g)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes

115.81 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes

115.81 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes

115.81 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	yes

115.81 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes

115.81 (e)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	yes

115.82 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes

115.82 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes

115.82 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes

115.82 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes

115.83 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes

115.83 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes

115.83 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes

115.83 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na

115.83 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na

115.83 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes

115.83 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes

115.83 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes

115.86 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

115.86 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes

115.86 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes

115.86 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes

115.86 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes

115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes

115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes

115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes

115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes